

NATIONAL CERTIFICATE

IN

INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY (NCICT)

TEACHING CURRICULUM

REPUBLIC OF UGANDA



MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND SPORTS

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TABLE OF CONTENTS	ii
Foreword	vii
Acknowledgement	viii
Acronyms	ix
Introduction	1
General Guidelines and Regulations	2
Duration of the Course	2
Admission/Entry Requirements	2
a) Ordinary Level Entry Scheme (Uganda Certificate of Education entry scheme)	2
b) Certificate Entry Scheme	2
Curriculum Implementation	2
Prospects for National Certificate in Information and Communication Technology	2
Assessment Criteria	3
Continuous assessments	3
Project Work	3
Project assessment shall be as follows:	3
Industrial Training	4
Awards	4
Module credits and the weighing system	4
Grading of modules	5
Computation of the CGPA	5
Classification of the Certificates	5
Retaking a Module	6
Dead Year	6
Academic Year Load	6
Methodology	6
Professional Profile for the NCICT graduate	
COURSE STRUCTURE	
DETAILS OF MODULE DESCRIPTIONS	
YEAR 1: SEMESTER 1	13

TABLE OF CONTENTS

NCIT111 FUNDAMENTALS OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY	13
Sub-Module 1: Introduction to Data and Information	13
Sub – Module 2: Introduction to Computer Hardware	14
Sub-Module 4: Computer Acquisition and Safety	16
NCIT112 MICROSOFT OFFICE APPLICATIONS	17
Sub-Module 1: Microsoft Office Word	17
Sub-Module 2: Microsoft Office Excel	
Sub-Module 3: PowerPoint Presentations	19
Sub-Module 4 : Microsoft Access	20
NCIT113 BASIC MATHEMATICS	22
Sub – Module 1: Algebraic Expressions	22
Sub – Module 2: Equations and Inequalities	23
Sub – Module 3: Discrete Structures	24
Sub – Module 4: Polynomials and Rational Functions	24
Sub – Module 5: Logarithms	25
NCBS110 BASIC COMMUNICATION SKILLS	26
Sub Module: 1. Introduction to Communication	26
Sub module 2. Grammar	26
Sub module 3. Communication Process	27
Sub module 4. Business correspondence	28
Sub module 5. Meetings	28
Sub module 6. Effective Public Speaking	29
NCIT114: REAL LIFE PROJECT	30
YEAR 1: SEMESTER 2	32
NCIT121: BASIC HTML WEB PROGRAMMING	32
Sub – Module 1: Introduction to HTML	
Sub – Module 2: HTML tags	
Sub – Module 3 : HTML Attributes	
Sub – Module 4: Working with HTML Paragraphs	
Sub – Module 5 : Working with Images	
Sub – Module 6: HTML Styles	

Sub – Module 7: HTML Text Formatting	
Sub – Module 8: HTML Forms	
NCIT 122 COMPUTER GRAPHICS AND PHOTO EDITING	
Sub-Module 1: Getting Started	
Sub-Module 2: Working with Layers and Panels	
Sub-Module 3: Working with Images	
Sub-Module 4: Working with Text and shapes	
Sub-Module 5 – Using Auto Commands, Saving and Printing	
NCIT 123 COMPUTATIONAL MATHEMATICS	
Sub – Module 1: Boolean Algebra	
Sub – Module 2: Linear Algebra	
Sub – Module 3: Introduction to differential and Integral calculus	
Sub – Module 4: Probability Theory	
Sub – Module 5: Numerical Methods	
GMBS120 ENTREPRENEURSHIP SKILLS	
Sub-module 1: Introduction to Entrepreneurship	
Sub-module 2: Environmental Analysis	
Sub-module 3: Innovation and Creativity	
Sub-module 4: Business Planning	
Sub-module 5: Implementing a Business Plan	
NCIT 124: REAL LIFE PROJECT	
NCIT125 INDUSTRIAL TRAINING	53
YEAR 2 SEMESTER 1	
NCIT211 STATIC WEBSITE DEVELOPMENT	53
Sub – Module 1: Introduction to Cascading Style Sheets (CSS)	54
Sub – Module 2: CSS Syntax	54
Sub – Module 3: CSS Classes	55
Sub – Module 4: CSS IDS	55
Sub – Module 5: CSS Margins	
Sub – Module 6: CSS Padding	
Sub – Module 7: CSS Text Properties	

Sub – Module 8: CSS Font Properties	57
Sub – Module 9: CSS Anchors and Links	58
Sub – Module 10: CSS Background	58
Sub – Module 11: CSS Borders	59
Sub – Module 12: Creating a Complete Website project	60
NCIT212 NETWORKING AND DATA COMMUNICATION	61
Sub – Module 1 : Network Basics	61
Sub – Module 2: Transmission Media and components	
Sub-Module 3: Internet Connectivity	63
Sub – Module 4: : Basics of Operating System software	64
Sub – Module 5: Troubleshooting a Local Area Network	64
NCIT 213 COMPUTER ETHICS	66
Sub-module 1: Introduction to IT ethics	
Sub-module 2: Scenarios of computer misuse and effects to society	
Sub-module 3: Forms of computer software Attacks	67
Sub-module 4: Ethical Challenges in Information Technology	67
Sub-module 5: Ethical Code of conduct in ICT	
NCIT 214: REAL LIFE PROJECT	69
YEAR 2 SEMESTER 2	69
NCIT221 VISUAL BASIC PROGRAMMING	69
Sub-Module 1: Elements of a Visual Basic Application	70
Sub-Module 2: Getting Started in Visual Basic	71
Sub-Module 3: Visual Basic Data	72
Sub-Module 4: Managing Visual Basic Data	72
Sub-Module 5: Controlling Program Flow	73
Sub-Module 6: Adding an Event Procedure Code	74
Sub-Module 7: Adding Controls	76
Sub-Module 8: Adding Additional Event Procedures	
NCIT222 BASIC COMPUTER MAINTENANCE	82
Sub-Module 1: Computer Maintenance	
Sub-Module 2: System Troubleshooting –	

Sub-Module 3: System Repair –	
Sub-Module 4: System Assembly –	
Sub-Module 5: Secondary Storage Media	
NCBS 220 BASIC KISWAHILI	
Sub-module 1: Introduction to Kiswahili	
Sub-module 2: Polite Language	
Sub-module 3: Comprehension	
Sub-module 4: General Vocabulary	
Sub-module 5: Professional related Vocabulary	
Sub-module 6: Spoken Fluency	
Sub-module 7: Customer Care and Language	
NCIT223 REAL LIFE PROJECT	
NCIT224 INDUSTRIAL TRAINING	
APPENDIX I: Industrial Training Guidelines	
APPENDIX II: Industrial Training Assessment Form for Field or Onsite	Supervisor 95
APPENDIX III: Industrial Training Assessment Form for Academic Sup	ervisor
APPENDIX IV: Field Attachment Report and Guide for Industrial Train	ing

Foreword

Improvement of the curricula for Technical and Vocational Certificate courses is part of the Ministry of Education and Sports' (MoES) Strategy (2008) for the provision of Technical and Vocational Education. Technical, Vocational and Business institutes are charged with training Technicians in the country. The Government of Uganda aims at providing technical, scientific and vocational skills for a majority of Ugandans in line with its emphasis on the BTVET Strategic Plan of "Skilling Uganda".

The development of this curriculum started with a survey of the world of work, which included employersof certificate courses. This culminated into the development of a Professional Profile, which includes all jobs and tasks that the graduates of National Certificate in Information andCommunication Technology (NCICT)perform. This finally led to the development of all modules in this curriculum.

This curriculum is updated based on the current labour market demands and it is learnercentered and competence-based. Each academic year involves execution of a real life project that makes the technician competent in the trade. It aims at making Technical, Vocational and Business Institutions the Centre of excellence for technical and vocational education and skills development in the region, which will result in greater development and industrialization of the country.

Hon. Janet KataahaMuseveni Minister Ministry ofEducationand Sports

Acknowledgement

National Curriculum Development Centre (NCDC) extends its appreciation to all panel membersandinstitutionsthatparticipated indeveloping this curriculum.

NCDCrecognizesthe UgandaBusinessandTechnicalExaminationsBoard(UBTEB)fortheir financial and technical contributions.

The Centre further acknowledgesthedifferentinstitutions that directly composed the panel members for developing this curriculum. These include; Uganda Colleges of Commerce and other Private BTVET institutions.

Finally we would like to appreciate the Ministryof Education and Sports, particularly the BTVET department for the continuous support and guidance given to the Centre in fulfilling our mandate.

Grace K. Baguma Director National Curriculum Development Centre

Acronyms

- BTVET Business. Technical and Vocational Education and Training
- CBET Competence Based Education and Training
- CGPA Cumulative Grade Point Average
- CH Contact Hours
- CSS Cascading Style Sheets
- CU Credit Units
- GP Grade Point
- HTML Hyper Text Markup Language
- LAN Local Area Network
- LH Lecture Hours
- MoES Ministry of Education and Sports
- NCDC National Curriculum Development Centre
- NCICT National Certificate in Information and Communication Technology
- PH Practical Hours
- RJ45 Registered Jack 45
- UBTEB Uganda Business and Technical Examinations Board
- UCE Uganda Certificate of Education
- URL Uniform Resource Locator
- WAN Wide Area Network
- WoW World of Work
- WWW World Wide Web

Introduction

With jobs being so scarce, the information technology industry continues to show a promising demand trend. This program will enable learners to major in information technology and get exposed to a lot of opportunities and jobs that include; typesetting documents, managing computer repair workshops, support in setting up, configuring and troubleshooting a Local Area (LAN), Web design and lab technician, do computer Graphics for both salaried and self employment

This curriculum is in line with the BTVET Act of (2008), the BTVET Strategic Plan 2011 – 2020 of "Skilling Uganda" and theUganda Vision 2040. The modules offered in this course are packaged in a manner that will enable the learner to attain particular skills required for performing tasks at any level of the respective year of study. The competences that the learner is expected to acquire are clearly spelt out in the modules covered in each of the two semesters of an academic year.

Modules such as Computer Applications; Basic Kiswahili; Sign language and Basic Communication Skills, are aimed at enhancing the learner's communication, report writing, and presentation skills. While modules like Microsoft Office Applications, Computer Ethics, HTML Web programming, Computer Graphics and Photo Editing, Web site Development, Data Communication and Networks, Basic Computer Repairs, and Database management system will enable the learner to demonstrate core ICT skills

Industrial Training which is done at the end of each academic year, is aimed at bridging the gap between institutional-based training and the world of work.

A professional profile was developed which is an amalgamation of the various tasks from which modules were formed. This led to the development of an educational concept which included; focus of education, assessment criteria, roles of learners and academic staff. The skills to be acquired will enhance the learners' confidence and ability to participate effectively in income generating activities, not only as members of the business world, but also as creative citizens dealing with issues emanating from the works that impact on other people's lives.

When effectively implemented, this curriculum will produce graduates with skills in:

Typesetting documents, Graphic design, Basic computer repairs, Local Area (LAN) support, Website design

General Guidelines and Regulations

Course Title

The course shall be called National Certificate in Information and Communication Technology (NCIT)

Duration of the Course

The National Certificate Information and Communication Technology (NCICT) is a full time course taught in two academic years.

Each academic year will be divided into two semesters. Semester one and two will consist of seventeen (17) weeks, comprising of fifteen (15) weeks of teaching/learning and continuous assessment and two (2) weeks of practical and written examinations.

In case of any problem, the course should be completed within a time frame of five years from the time of enrolment and registration.

Admission/Entry Requirements

A candidate shall be eligible for admission to the National Certificate in National Certificate in Information and Communication Technology (NCICT)course on meeting any of the following minimum qualifications:

a) Ordinary Level Entry Scheme (Uganda Certificate of Education entry scheme)

The candidate should be a holder of Uganda Certificate of Education OR its equivalent without restrictions on the passes and year of sitting,

b) Certificate Entry Scheme

The candidate should hold a Junior Vocational Certificate (JVC), obtained from any recognised institution.

Curriculum Implementation

The curriculum for National Certificate in National Certificate in Information and Communication Technology (NCICT) is based on a modular system. During the training, continuous assignments shall be carried out as a CBET requirement. This shall start with preparatory assignments that prepare the learner for the course relating it to the core tasks. Each module contains sub-modules that will help the learner to understand how to perform the core tasks through:

Applied knowledge,

Practical involvement, and

Professional attitude.

The learner will also have to carry out a real life project to put into practice the knowledge and competences acquired in class.

Prospects for National Certificate in Information and Communication Technology

NCICT graduates may opt to further their education and improve on their skills by offering a diploma and or degree Information Technology or any other vocational program of one's choice.

Assessment Criteria

Each module shall be assessed out of 100 marks as follows:

Continuous assessments	40%
Final examinations	60%

Continuous assessments

These shall be either individual based or group assignments. They will consist of:

Practical work

Classroom exercises and presentations

Assignments

Tests

Industrial Training and projects execution.

There shall be final examinations within the last two weeks of every year set and conducted by UBTEB.

A candidate shall be considered to have acquired a competence on performing tasks required in the labour market. One must have attended at least 75% of the module and undergone both continuous assessment and end of year examinations.

Continuous assessment shall be handled by the training institutions and verified by UBTEB officials.

Project Work

This involves a combination of subjects' knowledge, process skills and transferable abilities. Learners have to apply classroom knowledge and skills proactively in a real-life context for an extended period of time. Each learner will be required to run a project outside classroom time. At the end of every academic year a learner should have a visible real life project on the ground to be authenticated by UBTEB. Project work shall be assessed continuously by the instructors and marked out of 100% just like other modules. This shall be based on both the final product and the process involved in making it. A team of examiners from UBTEB shall move around to assess the implementation, authenticity, and progression of the projects.

Project assessment shall be as follows:

Innovation and creativity	10 marks
Customer care	10 marks
Neatness	10 marks
Record keeping	05 marks
Health and safety observation	10 marks

Actual performance	30 marks
Final product	25marks
TOTAL	100 marks

Industrial Training

Every learner must get a placement for Industrial Training to be done at the end of each academic year. Industrial Training shall be assessed out of 100% as a full module considering the following areas:

Attendance	05 marks
Time management	05 marks
Teamwork	05marks
Creativity and innovativeness	15 marks
Customer care	10 marks
Health and safety	15 marks
Actual performance	25 marks
Written report	20 marks

TOTAL 100%

Samples of assessment forms for the academic and the work supervisors are provided in the appendices.

UBTEB shall verify the authenticity of the Industrial Training marks awarded by the two supervisors by sending their representatives to visit the trainees at the organisations where they will be placed and working.

Awards

A learner who completes the course with at least 2.0 Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) in all the modules shall be awarded a classified **"National Certificate in Information and Communication Technology** by Uganda Business and Technical Examinations Board (UBTEB).

A learner who completes the course and does not attain at least 2.0 (GPA) in some modules shall be awarded a "<u>Competence Certificate</u>" in Information and Communication **Technology** by UBTEB. The competence class Certificate shall enable the learner to have a specialised upgrading and employment since he/she will have attained useful competences and skills in the specialised field.

On completion of year one, a learner will be entitled to a statement of results by the examining body indicating the grades obtained in each module.

Module credits and the weighing system

Each module will be weighted using the credit units (CU).

One credit unit is equivalent to 15 contact hours (CH) per semester.

A contact hour can either be a teaching/lecture hour (LH), tutorial hour (TH), field visit hour (FVH) or practical hour (PH).

One contact hour is equivalent to 1 classroom teaching hour, 2 tutorial hours or 2 practical /field visits hours.

Modules are weighed according to credit units (CU) ranging from a minimum of 2.0 to a maximum of 5.0 based on their core relevancy in the area of specialization.

Hence a module weighed 2 CU would take 30 contact hours, 3 CU would take 45 contact hours 4 CU, would have 60 contact hours, and 75 contact hours for a module with 5 CU. No credit unit shall be awarded to any module in which a learner obtains less than 2.0 grade points.

Grading of modules

Each module shall be graded out of 100 marks and assigned an appropriate letter grade and grade points as follows:

MARKS (%)	LETTER GRADE	GRADE POINTS
80-100	А	5.0
75-79.9	B+	4.5
70-74.9	В	4.0
65-69.9	B-	3.5
60-64.9	C+	3.0
55-59.9	С	2.5
50-54.9	C-	2.0
45-49.9	D+	1.5
40-44.9	D	1.0
35-39.9	D-	0.5
Below 35	E	0.0

The grading of NCICT awarded to a learner shall be according to the Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) score. The minimum pass grade point for each module is 2.0.The final marks for a module shall be converted into Grade Points (GP).

Computation of the CGPA

The learner's CGPA at a given time shall be obtained by:

Multiplying the grade points obtained in each module by the corresponding credit units assigned to the module to arrive at the weighted score for that module.

Adding together the weighted scores for all modules up to that time

Dividing the total weighted scores by the total number of credit units taken up to that time.

Classification of the Certificates

The National Certificate in National Certificate in Information andCommunication Technology (NCICT) shall be classified according to the CGPA obtained up to the end of the course. The certificates shall be classified as follows:

Class	CGPA
Distinction	4.40 - 5.00
Credit	3.60 – 3.59
Pass	2.00 – 2.79

Retaking a Module

Retaking will require a learner to redo the entire module by attending lectures, doing continuous assessments, and sitting the final examinations of that module. There shall be no supplementary examination or test set for any retake but a learner may re-do a paper when the module is next examined.

A learner may retake a module to improve the grades obtained at the first sitting. Should the learner get a lower grade for a retake, his/her original grade should prevail.

A learner should be allowed a maximum of three retakes for a module.

Whenever a module is retaken and passed, the academic transcript should **<u>not</u>**indicate so.

Dead Year

A learner shall be allowed to apply for a dead year of study due to financial constraints, sickness or other genuine problem and should be allowed to resume the course at the level he/she exited for the dead year. A learner who applies for a dead year shall also have to complete the course within duration of five (5) years from the time of enrolment and registration into the course.

Academic Year Load

A learner shall carry a maximum of 25 Credit Units per semester.

Each academic year shall contain a maximum of <u>eight</u> modules/assessment units including project work.

Methodology

The teaching/learning methods in this syllabus are just samples. It is at the teacher's discretion to apply any other methods deemed suitable to the classroom setting. The type of methods selected should be guided by the competences to be acquired by the learner. The teacher is encouraged to use a variety of methods in a lesson to make it more interesting and practical. Examples of some of the teaching/learning methods include:

Discussion

Group Discussions

Learners discuss issues in groups. This methodology enables knowledge/information to come from the learners rather than from the teacher. It promotes teamwork and allows all

learners to have an opportunity to give their opinions and ideas; and also stimulates their interest as they learn from each other.

Guidelines for using group discussion method:

Group learners

Give clear instructions to learners as to what each group should do.

Assign task(s) to each group.

Give instructions on the pattern to be followed by when discussing to ensure that each individual in the group contributes.

Monitor the group discussions to ensure that the social skills development takes place.

Assign responsibilities to learners for positions of Chairperson, Secretary, Timekeeper, etc. for effective group dynamics.

Learners discuss issues raised in the task with the guidance of the teacher

Learners agree on the issues to be presented.

Group presentations and general discussions.

Summary of agreed class points.

Guided discussions

Guidelines for using guided discussion method:

The teacher leads the discussion and acts as the chairperson/secretary.

Give clear instructions to learners as to what they should do.

Learners discuss issues raised in the task with the guidance of the teacher

Learners agree on the issues.

Summarize the session by drawing on the main points.

Case Study

This method is where learners are given information about a situation and they have to come up with decisions or solutions to a problem. The purpose of case study is to:-Help learners to identify and solve problems in a typical situation Provide learners with confidence in decision making. Help learners develop analytical skills.

Brainstorming

This is a way of obtaining as many views as possible from the learners in a short time. The learners should be guided to give as many ideas as they can, on a particular issue. It is recommended that all ideas are accepted without questioning. The ideas should be ranked according to the relevancy to the issue being brainstormed.

Basic rules for brainstorming

Encourage as many ideas as possible. Criticisms of ideas should not be allowed.

Buzz Method

This is a method of training that requires learners seated near each other to discuss an issue that could have a lot of points or controversy to be agreed upon. The noise is the murmur that the class makes like that of buzz. Therefore some manageable noise or murmur should not be mistaken for no learning. This method is good in situations where one cannot conduct effective training like when it's raining.

The teacher asks questions on what learners have discussed to find out if they have understood.

Guided Discovery

This method is based on the notion that the learners know more than they think they know. The assumption is that they only need to be prompted to discover this knowledge for themselves. The teacher's role is to organise the learning environment and present the content in such a way that the learners can discover more knowledge and ideas.

Demonstration

This is the act of exhibiting, describing, and explaining the operation or process by use of a device, machine, process, product to learners. A demonstration can be carried out by the teacher or learners.

Illustration

This is a depiction or representation of a subject matter, such as a drawing, sketch, painting, photograph, or other kind of image of things seen, remembered or imagined, using a graphical representation. This method is best used where words are not sufficient to clearly bring out a concept. It gives a visual impression to what is being taught.

Guest Speaker

Guest speakers could be local entrepreneurs, government officials, professional practitioners, or community leaders invited to make a presentation to learners. Guest speakers can provide a variety to the entrepreneurship education learning, share experience, add value by engaging learners in an educational or informative manner.

The method provides learners with an opportunity to physically interact with a practitioner and motivates them to develop an entrepreneurial attitude.

Role Play

This method is where learners are presented with a situation they are expected to explore by acting out the roles of those represented in this situation. The role-play learners should be carefully selected and properly prepared for their roles. The remaining learners should be equally prepared for the role play by briefing them on how they are to act during the presentation. The players should try to behave naturally during the presentation.

The teacher:

Observes when the presentation is taking place.

Guides learners in the course of presentation to ensure that they focus on theme of the play.

Engages learners in a discussion or asks them questions about what they have learnt from the role play with a view of finding out if the role play has provided sufficient information.

Study Tour

This is when learners are taken out to perform particular tasks with the aim of carrying out an observation, practice or witness the flow of events. It enables the learners to link the school situation with the reality in the communities or world of work.

Field Attachment

This is when learners are attached to some entrepreneur(s) to practice during their study time. It does not only enable them to relate what they have learnt in classroom but also allows them to acquire more knowledge and skills beyond what was covered. It further motives learners to becoming practitioners or entrepreneurs.

Professional Profile forthe NCICT graduate

PROFILE NAME: JUNIOR IT SUPPORT TECHNICIAN

The IT Support Technician will be responsible for general maintenance of defined computer equipment and for the resolution of identified technical problems for commercial and domestic customers.

Competency	Duty	Tasks
• By the end of the course, the learner should be able to	Duty 1: Software	Test new software Make software available to appropriate customers where requested
identifies and use various types of computer software	Management	Ensure the anti-virus software is installed, kept up to date and working properly on all customers stations, where appropriate
Installs and configures a computer system		Set up and maintain user e-mail accounts, when requested by customers Provide troubleshooting resolution and updating/upgrading of software to customers
• By the end of the course, the learner	Duty 2:	Maintain customers computer
should be able to;	Hardware	peripheral equipment, as requested
 identifies the various 	management	Assist other technicians on in the office
hardware		where required
components of computers and their		Keep a log of all technical faults (Support log)
uses Installs and configures the		Liaise with external suppliers for the
entire computer system		repair of equipment under warranty or maintenance contract
Setup and manage a Local		Provide troubleshooting resolution and
Area Network		updating/upgrading of hardware to
		customers
		Assist with and provide
		support/troubleshooting for server hardware
Monitor and	Duty 3:	Check the network back up daily for
systematically support in	Network Management	maintenance customers
troubleshooting computer	0	Set up, maintain and remove user

related issues		network accounts where appropriate Carry out routine network maintenance tasks
	Duty 4: Office Administration	Maintain stock for office and website gingerfoxit.com Order office stationary where necessary Responsible for arranging couriers for any deliveries in the office Ordering of ink cartridges and toners for customers, as and when orders are placed Checking deliveries on arrival into the office

Personal Qualities – An Help Desk Technician will need to	
Be able to work on his/her own initiative	
Demonstrate practical knowledge and problem-solving strategies	
Have high quality inter-personal skills	
Keep abreast of new developments in software and hardware	

COURSE STRUCTURE

YEAR 1: SEMESTER 1

COURSECODE	COURSE NAME	LH	PH	CH	CU
NCIT111	Fundamentals of Information Technology	30	60	60	4
NCIT112	Microsoft Office Applications	15	120	75	5
NCIT113	Basic Mathematics	30	30	45	3
GMLS111	Basic Communication Skills	30	30	45	3
NCIT114	Real Life Project	15	120	75	5
TOTAL SEMESTER LOAD 20				20	
YEAR 1: SEMESTER 2					
NCIT121	Basic HTML Web Programming	15	90	60	4
NCIT122	Computer Graphics and Photo Editing	15	120	75	5
NCBS120	Entrepreneurship Skills	30	30	45	3
NCIT123	Computational Mathematics	30	30	45	3

COURSECODE	COURSE NAME	LH	PH	СН	CU
NCIT124	Real Life Project	15	120	75	5
NCIT125	Industrial Training	00	180	75	5
					20
RECESS TERM					
YEAR 2: SEME	STER 1				
NCIT211	Static Website Development	15	120	75	5
NCIT212	Electronic Communication and Networks	15	120	75	5
NCIT213	Computer Ethics	15	60	45	3
NCIT214	Real Life Project	15	120	75	5
TOTAL SEMESTER LOAD					20
YEAR 2: SEME	STER 2	•			
NCIT221	Introduction to Visual Basic Programming	15	90	60	4
NCIT222	Basic Computer Maintenance	15	120	75	5
NCBS220	Basic Kiswahili	30	30	45	3
NCIT223	Real Life Project	15	120	75	5
NCIT224	Industrial Training	00	180	75	5
TOTAL SEMEST	TOTAL SEMESTER LOAD 2			22	

DETAILS OF MODULE DESCRIPTIONS

YEAR 1: SEMESTER 1

NCIT111FUNDAMENTALS OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

Duration: 60 Contact Hours.

Overview:

This module provides a basic grounding and fluency in the basic information technology (IT) skills necessary for information professionals.

Learning outcome:

By the end of this module, learners shall be able to;

have a basic understanding of basic concepts and terminology of information technology and be able to define them

have a basic understanding of personal computers and their operations

Sub-Module 1: Introduction to Data and Information

Duration: 12Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning Strategies
 The learner: Distinguishes between data and information. Makes use of different types of information. Appreciates the benefits of computers Prepares to counter challenges associated with computers Observes the stages involved in processing information. Applies different methods to process data. Identifies the appropriate data processing method Analyses the qualities of good information. 	 Distinction between data & information Types of information (text, pictures, video, audio) Benefits and challenges of using computers Stages in the Information Processing cycle Input Data processing Storage Output Data processing Methods Qualities of good information 	 Lead a guided discussion on the differences between data and information. Brainstorm about the benefits and challenges of using computers Display for learners the different types of information to distinguish. Take learners through the different stages involved in information processing cycle. Let learners brainstorm on the qualities of good information.

Task learners to::

- Distinguish between data and information
- Describe the stages of processing information.
- Describe the qualities of good information.

Sub – Module 2: Introduction to Computer Hardware

Duration: 18 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning
		Strategies
 The learner: identifies the various hardware components of computers and their uses Installs and configures a computer system 	 Hardware components their use Input/output Devices (Keyboard and role of different keys, Mouse, Printer, Scanner) System unit CPU (CU, ALU, Cache) Memory and its Type (Primary & Secondary) Motherboard (Data Cables, Sockets, Ports) Cards (NIC, VGA, Sound etc) Storage components Hard Drive, CD/DVD) Portable Devices (Flash Drive, Card Reader, External Drives Output components Printer Speakers Monitors Projector Other peripherals UPS Scanner 	 Strategies Demonstrate to learners how to assemble and configure the entire computer system Lead a guided discussion of the role of each of the hardware component to a computer system
	a computer or printer	

Assessment Strategies

- Task learners to assemble a computer
- Carryout a quiz about the uses of the different hardware components

Resources

- Presentation, Computers Demos / Simulation Hardware equipment Tool kits

Sub – Module 3: Introduction to Computer Software

Duration: 18 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning Strategies
 The learner: identifies and use various types of computer software Installs and configures a computer system Identifies the functions of the operating system Manages files stored in the computer and storage media Creates a Folder and a files on a computer desktop in Word processor 	 Types of computer software System and application Formatting, Disk Managing & Partitioning Installing Operating System (Windows all versions) Anti-Virus Drivers Functions of Operating system software to a computer File management Creating a folder on the desktop Saving a file on the desktop or folder 	 Lead a guided discussion the software concepts and uses of; Software and its Types System Software and its uses Application Software and its uses Guide learners to Perform installation steps of: Formatting, Disk Managing & Partitioning Operating System (Windows 7) Anti-Virus and drivers

Assessment Strategies

- Let learners format and partition a hard disk and later install Windows operating system and the missing drivers
- Task learner to boot and create a folder onto the desktop

Materials

Computers, Presentations, Videos / Demos

Sub-Module 4: Computer Acquisition and Safety

Duration: 12 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning Strategies
 The learner: Analyses the key factors before purchasing a computer. Starts a computer operations Establishes the speed and storage capacity of a computer Identifies computer risks factors. Securing computers against virus attacks. 	 Factors to consider when buying a computer Booting methods Checking computer speed and storage capacity Caring a Personal computer Types of Computer Viruses Causes of computer Virus attack Managing computer Virus threats 	 Lead a guided discussion on the factors to consider when buying a computer. Ask learners to identify the possible risks and threats to computers. Let learners brainstorm on the strategies for keeping computers in good working conditions. Demonstrate to how to protect a computer from risks and threats. Brainstorm about computer viruses Guide learners how to scan virus threats

Assessment Strategies

Assess learners on:

- The factors to consider when selecting a computer
- The threats to computers and how they can be mitigated
- How to cold boot a computer

Teaching materials

- Un-interrupted power supply (UPS)
- Ant virus
- Computer cover
- Dusting materials

NCIT112 MICROSOFT OFFICE APPLICATIONS

Duration: 75 Contact hours

Module Overview

This module will provide learners with basic knowledge and skills to familiarise with the use and working of computers using different modern information communication technologies. They will acquire hands-on experience in Microsoft office applications such as Word processing, Spreadsheet, Presentation and publication and the use of internet resources; that will enable them to digitally access, process, store, and disseminate information.

Learning Outcome

By the end of this module, the learner should be able to: operate computer apparatus and elementary programs without any assistance. model and design document software applications.

Preparatory Assignment

Ask learners to identify the importance of using computers in the hotel industry.

Result

Learners pay attention to the importance of computers and develop positive attitude to personal engagement in using computers for various activities.

Sub-Module 1: Microsoft Office Word

Duration: 30 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning Strategies
 The learner: Loads a Microsoft word processing application. Records text in a new word document. Uses inbuilt formatting tools to make the document appear professional. Generates automated 	 Loading Microsoft Word Entering text in a new word document Formatting text (font: colour, bold, size, alignment, line spacing, drop caps, word art, text columns) 	 Demonstrate to learners how to get started with Microsoft Word. Use simulations to let learners compose text and proof read. Guide learners on how to set page layout and margins Demonstrate to learners
Table of contentsSets page layout to the	 Inserting (pictures, tables, symbols, page 	how to set automated table of contents

appropriate	numbers, footers,	• Guide learners to use
measurements	headers, text columns,	toolbar buttons to format
• Saves the document	footnotes/end notes)	text to appear
into Folder/Fixed or	Mail merge	professional
Portable storage	Paper orientation	• Group learners and task
medium	(portrait and	them to typeset a
• Prints the processed	landscape),	document with multiple
document.	• Page background (text	features (stated in the
	and picture	contents)
	watermark, page	• Guide learners on how to
	borders/textures)	save on different media
	• Automatic Table of	• Guide and Let learners
	contents	print their own
	• Saving (on desktop,	documents
	folder, a fixed and	
	portable storage media	
	e.g. flash or compact	
	disk)	
	Printing	

Task each learner to typeset a document with multiple features using Microsoft Word Use of inbuilt document formatting tools.

Production of hard copies of documents.

Teaching materials

- Computers
- Overhead projector
- Printer
- Compact discs
- Flash discs
- Printing paper

Sub-Module 2: Microsoft Office Excel

Duration:20 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning
		Strategies
The learner:	Loading Microsoft Excel	Guide learners to get
• Loads Microsoft	• Entering text/numbers in	started with Ms Excel.
electronic spreadsheet	a worksheet	• Demonstrate the
application.	• Formatting Cells	recording of data in a

 Records data into a spreadsheet. Uses inbuilt formatting tools to professionally enter data in the spreadsheet cells. Computes data using Ms Excel inbuilt functions. Presents data using auto generated charts, 	 (Currency, borders, commas, decimal places, alignment, merging cells) Computing data with inbuilt functions (Sum, Average, Max, Min, IF and Count IF) Formatting cells (currency, borders, commas, decimal places, alignment, merging cells, text direction) 	 worksheet. Task learners to compute data using Ms Excel inbuilt functions. Task learners to format cells, sort and filter data. Demonstrate how to create graphs and charts in a spreadsheet. Demonstrate the computation of data
-		
Ms Excel inbuilt		.
		-
e e		computation of data
tables, or graphs.	Data management	simulations.
• Saves the document into Folder/Fixed or	(sorting, filtering)Inserting rows, columns,	
Portable storage	 Presenting data in charts, 	
medium.	tables, and graphs	
Prints worksheet	• Page layout (margins and	
documents.	paper orientation)Printing a spreadsheet	

Assign learners to:

- Type names of students in their class and sort them in alphabetical order.
- Filter names of girls from those of boys and use an excel function to establish the total number of girls in the class
- Compute data using an inbuilt function.

Sub-Module 3: PowerPoint Presentations

Duration: 12 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning
		Strategies
The learner:	• Features of	• Let learners identify the
• Identifies the features	PowerPoint	features of a PowerPoint
of a PowerPoint	Creating new slide:	document.
presentation.	- Title Slide	• Demonstrate the
Prepares PowerPoint	- Tabular slide	functions of design tools
slides using inbuilt	- Two column-Text	in Ms-publisher
formatting tools.	slide	• Guide learners on how to
Presents slides with	• Formatting a slide:	create new slides
animations.	Background design	• Demonstrate the artistic

Prints several slides on	 Inserting images (clip 	formatting of a slide.
a page.	art and picture)	• Let learners simulate the
	• Customizedanimations and	customization of slide
	transitions	transitions.
	Creating a Slide loop	
	Running a slide show	
	Printing slides	

Let learners:

- Use simulations to create slides
- Format slides to appear artistic
- Create a slide Loop and run the slides
- Make PowerPoint presentations

Teaching resource

- Overhead Projector
- External speakers
- Laser Printer
- Compact Disk

Sub-Module4:Microsoft Access

Duration: 13 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning
		Strategies
The learner:	Sub-Module 1: Introduction	• Guide learners to
• Loads a Microsoft	Loading Microsoft Access	get started with Ms
Access application.	Object/Tools of a database	Access.
• Applies database	- Table,	• Demonstrate to
terminologies	- Form,	learners how to
correctly.	- Query	create and
 Organises 	- Report	normalise a
attributes and	Data Attributes	database from
relations to attain	Setting a Primary and Foreign Keys	(1NF-3NF)
data integrity.	Creating a Relationship between 2 Tables	• Demonstrate how
• Populates database	Database Normalisation / Third Normal Form	to populate a
using the Form	(2NF)	database using
object/tool.	Populating a database using electronic Forms	electronic forms.
• Arranges database	Using Reports	• Guide learners on
using Structured		how to compute
Query Language		data and query a

(SQL).	• Querying a database using clauses (AND, OR,	database.
Presents data using	LIKE)	• Demonstrate to
the report	• Computations on captured data (Add, Subtract,	learners how
object/tool.	Multiply, Divide and percentages)	database reports
		are created and
		displayed.
		 Guide learners on
		how to save and
		print database
		details

Task learners to:

- Normalise a database to 2NF
- Populate a database using hypothetical data
- Compute and query database using AOL Clauses
- Display reports of specific columns (attributes)

NCIT113 BASIC MATHEMATICS

Duration: 45 Contact hours

MODULE OVERVIEW

This module introduces to a Learner the concepts of Algebraic Expressions, Equations and Inequalities, Discrete Structures, Polynomials and Rational Functions, Exponential and Logarithmic Functions

Learning Outcome: the learners should be able to solve mathematical problems.

Preparatory Assignment

Duration:8 Hours

Display different components of a computer, let the learners arrange them according to their functions, the groups made are the different sets, identify the components that have functions that cut across and indicate them as intersections.

Result: Learners make a report and presentation of the analysis

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning
 The learner: Recognizee, classifys, and uses real numbers. Simplifies algebraic expressions and solve linear equations, communicate the process and apply it to real world situations. Explores and communicates the characteristics and operations of polynomials. 	 Real Numbers Rational Numbers Indices, standard form and notation Computer Numbering Systems (Binary, Decimal, Octal, Hexadecimal, their conversions and application in digital machines) 	 Strategies Have students discuss solved problemstructures and solutions to make connections among strategies and reasoning. Select solved problems that reflect the lesson's instructional aim, including problems that illustrate common errors. Use whole-class discussions, small-group work, and independent practice activities to introduce, elaborate on, and practice working with solved problems. Encourage students to use

Sub – Module 1: Algebraic Expressions

reflective questioning to
notice structure as they
solve problems.

Resources

Mathematical Text Books, Calculators. Chalk, Black/White boards

Sub – Module 2: Equations and Inequalities

Duration: 4 Hours

solutions, and	
interpret the	
solutions within	
the context of the	
problem.	
• Expresses the	
solution of linear	
inequalities	
algebraically and	
graphically.	

Resources

Mathematical Text Books, Calculators. Chalk, Black/White boards

Sub – Module 3: Discrete Structures

Duration: 8 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning Strategies
 The learner: Solves simultaneous and quadratic equations Determines the slopes of lines and equations 	compteniento, Gui testan	 Guide learners to compute simultaneous and quadratic roots Guide learners on how to determine a slope of line and equations

Assessment Strategies

Give an exercise on functions and revise with the learners about lesson learnt

Resources

Mathematical Text Books, Calculators. Chalk, Black/White boards

Sub - Module 4: Polynomials and Rational Functions

Duration: 4 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning Strategies
The learner:	Solving Exponential Equations	
	Graphing Exponential Functions	
	Simplifying Logarithmic Functions	
	Change of Base	
	Solving Logarithmic Equations	
	Graphing Logarithmic Functions	
	• Exponential growth or Decay	

Assessment Strategies

Give an exercise about the lessons learnt

Resources

Mathematical Text Books, Calculators. Chalk, Black/White boards

Sub – Module 5: Logarithms

Duration5 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning Strategies
The learner:	Theory of logarithms, common	Lead a guided discussion on
Use logarithm tables	logarithms.	theory of logarithms.
to solve equations	Equations involving logarithmic	
involving log	functions,	
functions		

Assessment Strategies

Give a take home about logarithms

Resources

Mathematical Text Books, Calculators. Chalk, Black/White boards

NCBS110 BASIC COMMUNICATION SKILLS

45 hours

Course Code

Basic Communication Skills

Duration Module overview

This course introduces learners to basic knowledge and skills to communicate professionally within their environment

Learning out come

By the end of this course, learners should be able to apply the basic concepts of communication, Demonstrate knowledge and skills of communication and utilize the various forms of communication.

Sub Module: 1. Introduction to Communication

Duration 08 Hours

Competence	Content	Teaching /Learning Strategy
 The learner; Defines communication Identifies the importance of communication Identifies the types and forms of communication 	 Definition of communication Importance of communication Types of communication Forms of communications 	 Lead learners to brainstorm on the definition of communication Brainstorm on the importance of communication Lead guided discussion on types and forms of communication Demonstrate to learners the types of communications

Assessment strategy.

Task learners to identify te types and forms of communication

Sub module 2. Grammar

Duration 04 hours

Competence	Content	Teaching /Learning Strategy
 The learner; Identifies parts of speech Correctly spell Construct sentences with tenses Correctly pronounce 	 Parts of speech(nouns, pronouns, verbs, adverbs, adjectives, conjunctions and interjections) Spellings Tenses Pronunciation 	 Guided discussion on parts of speech Brainstormon spelling of words Lead guided discussion on spellings and pronunciations

Assessment strategy,

Task learners to identify parts of the speech

Sub module 3. Communication Process

Duration 08 hours

Competence	Content	Teaching /Learning Strategy
 The learner; Describe the elements of communication 	Elements of communication process	Lead discussion in groups on elements of communication process
 Identifies barriers to effective communication Identifies solutions to the barriers to effective communication 	 Effective communication Barriers to effective communication Solution to the barriers of 	 Role play on barriers to effective communication Guided discussion on solutions to the barriers of effective communication
	communication	

Assessment strategy

Task the learners to form groups to role play on the barriers of effective communication

Sub module 4. Business correspondence

Duration 10Hours

Competence	Content	Teaching /Learning Strategy
The learner;	Business letters	• Lead a guided
Identifies business	(application, CV,	demonstration on major
letters	sales, order,	elements of business letters
	invitation, and	
•	complaint letters)	
	Business reports	
	Memoranda	
	Notices	

Assessment Strategy

Task learners to discuss on major elements of business letters

Sub module 5. Meetings

Duration 10 Hours

Competence	Content	Teaching /Learning
		Strategy
 The learner; Defines meetings Identifies types of meetings Describes procedures of organizing and conducting meetings Iidentifies the terminologies used, roles and responsibilities of parties 	 Meaning and purpose of meetings Types of meetings Types of meetings (interviews, statutory, Annual general meeting, extra ordinary or/emergency meeting) Procedure of organizing and conducting meetings Notice of a meeting Terminologies used in meetings Roles and responsibilities of parties in meetings. (Chairperson, Secretary, 	 Brainstorm on meaning and purpose of meeting Lead guided discussions on the types of meetings Role play on organizing and conducting meetings Brainstorm on the roles and responsibilities of parties in the meetings
	Members)	

Assessment Strategy

Task learners to describe procedures of organising and conducting meetings

Sub module 6. Effective Public Speaking

Duration 05 Hours

Competence	Content	Teaching /Learning Strategy
 The learner; Prepares and presents a public presentation Identifies causes and overcomes stage freights 	 Prepare and execute public presentation Listening skills Stage freights Causes of stage freights Overcoming stage frights 	 Lead learners to demonstrate on public presentation Role play on listening skills Brainstorm on causes of stage freight and ways on how to overcome stage freight

Assessment Strategy

Task learners to prepare and present public presentation

NCIT114: REAL LIFE PROJECT

Duration: 75 contact Hours

The module will develop the learner's ability to be more creative and innovative in the field of production and service delivery. A learner will endeavour to make unique his/her products/services so as to attract more customers and make retention of the existing ones.

Learning Outcome

By the end of this module the learner should be able to produce products with unique features.

Preparatory Assignment

Let learners suggest ways of improving their products/service delivery.

Result

Learners come up with ideals that will enable them to improve on the quality of their products/services.

YEAR 1: SEMESTER 2

NCIT121: BASIC HTML WEB PROGRAMMING

Duration: 60 hours

Module Overview

This module is designed to equip learners with basic skills of coding a webpage using Hyper Text Markup Language (HTML)

Learning Outcomes

Upon completion of this program the learner will be able to;

- Follow the workflow of programming and how to read and modify existing HTML code.
- Apply the syntax of opening, closing, and self-closing tags. Students will review many of the common HTML tags used in modern web development.
- use tags to create different elements including the fundamental elements that structure a web page
- Appreciate the importance of HTML to internet

Preparatory Assignment

Task learners to distinguish between a website and a Web page

Result

A Website is a collection of webpages

Sub – Module 1: Introduction to HTML

Duration: 12 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning Strategies
 The learner: Applies the syntax of opening, closing, and self-closing tags uses tags to create different 	 What is HTML Simple HTML Documents HTML Tags 	 Lead a guided discussion about HTML Load note pad and create a simple HTML file
 discs tags to create different elements including the fundamental elements that structure a web page Comprehends the workflow of programming and how to read and modify existing code. 	 Web Browsers HTML Page Structure 	 Guide learners how to to identify basic parts of an HTML web page layout; <!DOCTYPE html> <html></html> <head></head> <title> <body> <h1> </td></tr></tbody></table></title>

Conduct a quiz by providing a list of HTML tags and task learners to identify the use of each tag

Task learners to write HTML statements using Notepad or Text editor and view it in web browser

Sub – Module 2: HTML tags

Duration: 12 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning Strategies
The learner;	HTML document	Guide learners on how to
	HTML headings	add/code; headings,
Reviews many of the	HTML paragraphs	paragraphs, links, images,
common HTML tags used in	HTML links	buttons and lists into their
modern web development.	HTML images	HTML file
	HTML buttons	• Emphasise how the Start
	HTML lists	and End tags are coded
		• Give examples of tags that
		are self closing

Assessment Strategies

Task learners to add into their respective HTML files the additional functionalities learnt in the lesson on their own

Sub – Module 3: HTML Attributes

Duration: 16 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning Strategies
The learner;Adds more information	 The Title Attribute The href attribute	• Use the tag to Guide learners on how to provide
to their tags to give them control over function and appearance.	 The width and height attributes The alt attribute 	additional information to an element.Demonstrate how to adjust
Utilizes attributes to	Style attribute	height and width of the image
create webpage links.		• Guide learners on the tag od alternate text for images
		• Guide learners how to adjust the paragraph color

Assessment Strategies

Task learners to add an image stored in their folder and adjust the image to appropriate size

Sub - Module 4: Working with HTML Paragraphs

Duration: 4 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning Strategies
 The learner: Defines an HTML paragraph Inserts a single line break Defines pre-formatted text 	 Paragraph tags The use of line breaks in HTML How to control the line breaks in HTML Background color 	Use an example to guide learners on how to define HTML paragraphs Guide learners on how to create line breaks Guide learners how to define preformatted text <pre> Guide learners on how to change the background color</pre>

Assessment Strategies

Give an exercise and task learners to create paragraphs, line breaks and set pre-formatted

Sub - Module 5 :Working with Images

Duration: 4 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning Strategies
 The learner: . alters width, height, and metadata for their images 	 Adding images Adding inline images Title and Alt attribute 	 demonstrate how to alter the width, height and meta data of images

Assessment Strategies

Task learners to take photos using their phones and place them into the web page Let them download images/photos from the internet

Sub – Module 6: HTML Styles

Duration: 4 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning Strategies
The learner:		Guide learners on how apply
• styles HTML elements by	Background color	elements styles like;
enhancing their	Text Color	• Background-color for
appearance	Text font	background color
	Text size	• Color for text colors
	Text alignment	 Font-family for text fonts
		 Font-size for text sizes

	• Text-align alignment	for	text

Task learners to;

- change the background color
- change the size, color, font type, alignment of the text elements

Sub - Module 7: HTML Text Formatting

Duration: 4 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning Strategies
Competences The learner: • formats text elements using HTML tags	 Content Bold formatting Italic formatting Emphasised formatting Subscript formatting Superscript formatting Marked formatting Marked inserted Marked deleted Formatting abbreviations and 	Teaching/Learning Strategies Guide learners on how to apply tags such as; • element • <i> element • _{element • _{element • ^{element • <mark> element • <ins> element • element • <abbr></abbr></ins></mark>}}}</i>
	acronyms	

Assessment Strategies

Give an exercise and task learners to apply the above formatting tags;

Sub - Module 8: HTML Forms

Duration: 4 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning Strategies
The learner:		Guide learners on how to tag the;
• codes actions that can be	Form with text input	The <form> Element</form>
executed by the user	Form with radio button	The <input/> Element
through a button	input	one-line input field for text input:
	Form with text fields and a	radio button
	submit button	button for submitting the form data

Assessment Strategies

Task learners to include into their HTML file a Form with text input, radio button and a submit button

Resources

Computers with a web browser and text editor Projector

NCIT 122 COMPUTER GRAPHICS AND PHOTO EDITING

Duration : 75 Hours

Credit Unit: 5

Module Overview

This module equips learners with skills of taking an abstract internal representation of objects and the relationship between them and turning it into an image including turning images (photos) of real-world objects into simplified representations which can be reasoned about

Learning Outcomes

Upon completion of this module, learners will demonstrate ability to;

- install Adobe Photoshop on a personal computer
- Identify and select appropriate tools from the toolbox
- repair faint or damaged photos/mages
- paint pictures with appropriate colors
- enlarge or reduce photos/images and pictures
- retouch and correct photos/images
- design business documents like; Posters, banners, Logos, Badges, stamps and book covers
- save and print designed graphics.

Preparatory assignment

Let learners Start a Photo Repair Project

Result

Learners perfect their skills of creating, editing and manipulating images to enhance their appearance.

Designed projects are saved and emailed to a receiver

A hardcopy/printout of the design is generated

Sub-Module 1: Getting Started

Duration: 12 hrs

Competences	Content	Teaching/learning strategies
The Learner; • installs and loads	 Installing and loading Adobe Photoshop Navigating the Adobe 	Guide learners how to; Install Adobe Photoshop on the
 Adobe Photoshop navigates the interface setup the document size selects appropriate tools from the toolbox customises/sets the workspace sets required general preferences uses keyboard commands 	 Photoshop interface Menu bar, Workspace, panels and context menus Setting-up the document Creating a New file Opening an existing file from a disk (Fixed or portable media) View open documents or files importance of the Toolbox Selection Tools (Move, Marquee, Crop, Magic wand, Lasso, Brush, eye dropper) Paint Tools (Healing brush, Clone stamp, Eraser, paint bucket, blur and Color) Drawing tools (Path, pen, Shape and Text) View Tools (Free hand, Magnify and background/foreground colour) Customising the Workspace Paper orientation, size, and colour mode Setting general preferences Using Keyboard Shortcuts 	 Demonstrate to learners how to set; Page Size and Orientation, Resolution, Color Mode and Background Contents Take learners through the layout of Adobe Photoshopinterface (Menu bar, Toolbar, The image, Image name, Palettes) Guide learners how to open an image from a disk

Assessment strategy

Task learners to;

- install adobe Photoshop onto the personal computers
- create a new file and customise the workspace
- use selection and paint tools to design basic shapes/pictures

Sub-Module 2: Working with Layers and Panels

Duration: 20 hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/learning
		strategies
 The Learner; uses design layers and panels to improve images moves, delete and merges layers enhances layers using blending mode opens images from storage locations places an image into a workspace zooms images to appropriate levels applies style effects to improve appearance of images improves brightness and contrast 	 Creating new layer, Duplicate layer and Turning a selection into a layer Moving, aligning, applying style or transform layers Deleting, Locking/unlocking Merging layers Applying preset styles to a layer Copying layer styles Filling and grouping layers (Opacity, Tolerance, Foreground/background color and gradient overlay styles) Using blending modes Applying design and style effects Adjusting color brightness/contrast (using levels and curves) 	 Guide learners on how to; Create new layers Use sliders to change the foreground and background color modes Select Image Areas Save a Selection Modify a Selection choose color from the spectrum of colors displayed Use swatches to add a customised color to the library Use style palette to View, select and apply preset layer styles Access any recent stage of the image alteration Apply and edit effects to a group of layers in Photoshop (delete, create new fill or adjustments, delete or organise images with multiple layers) Guide learners to identify hidden tools using small black triangles in the right-hand corner.

Assessment strategy

Task learners to;

• install Photoshop on computers,

• Work with basic Selection and Paint tools to design pictures/shapes

Sub-Module 3: Working with Images

Duration: 24 hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/learning strategies
The Learner; Customises image/picture colours Removes hot spot from faces already created photos removes an image/object from the project repairs faint or damaged images/photos paints images/shapes	 Zooming and Panning images Resizing digital photos Rotating and aligning images Moving images Merging images Image Correction using; Removing an object from an image Adjusting contrast and brightness using curves changing background and foreground colors Changing image color (colorvs black and white) Improving faint images (Adding flash and removing red eye) using swatches to customize colors Retouching photos: Smoothening photos removing the Red eye Removing Hot spots 	 Guide learners on how to; Move object on the page using the move tool button Use marquee tool to drag the marquee over the area of the image Use Lasso tool to draw a freehand border around the area of the image to be selected select all object in a document with the same or similar fill color, stroke weight, stroke color, opacity or blending mode control what the Magic Wand tool selects drag the crop tool over the part of the image that you want to keep/resize use eye dropper to take color samples from colors on the page and display them in the color boxes

 Adding flash light 	
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Task learners to;

- open a faint or damaged digital photo from a camera, scanner, phone or internet
- retouch and correct the photo colour

Sub-Module 4: Working with Text and shapes

Duration: 14 hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/learning strategies
 The Learner; draws relevant shapes and text path adds text to an image types text along a circular text path designs a stamp and a badge formats text to improve the appearance 	 Typing in a design area Creating a text path Drawing shapes (circle, rectangle, square) Typing text along a circular text path Formatting text (Font style, size and colour) Applying design effects to text Designing business documents (Logos, badges, stamps, certificates, invitation cards, receipts, bankslips, book covers) Painting images/shapes 	 guide learners on how to use selection tools to draw shapes Demonstrate how to type along a drawn path Brainstorm with learners on the various business designs that can be generated using the drawing and painting tools Provide learners with samples of business documents and guide them to imitate the designs

Assessment strategy

Task learners to;

- Draw and paint a picture of their choice
- design a circular stamp for the office of the Guild President
- design a certificate, invitation card and book cover with artistic features

Sub-Module 5 – Using Auto Commands, Saving and Printing **Duration: 4 hours**

Competences	Content	Teaching/learning strategies
 The learner; uses auto commands designs posters, stamps, banners, receipts, receipts and book covers saves files/projects in a desired format (PDF and JPEG) creates an email account sends an email of the designed project Prints projects/files 	 Auto Tone, Color and Contrast Color swatches Creating and using gradients Saving into different file formats (JPEG, PDF, print applications) Printing Creating email account emailing a designed project 	 Guide learners on how auto commands can quicken photo editing. Demonstrate to learners how to convert files to various formats Guide learners to create an email using their phones or a computer. Task them to send an email of their designs to your email, evaluate their designs and reply pointing at areas they can improve

Assessment strategy

Task learners to;

- Correct images/photos using auto commands
- Save work onto a desktop, compact disk or flash disk
- convert file formats e.g .PSD and .PDF
- Printout 1 copy of their project

Materials /Resources

Computer with a hard disk space 500GB with Adobe Photoshop installed VGA Monitor/Screen with minimum resolution (1280 x 768) Overhead Projector White board / markers Printer laser (color) Internet connectivity

NCIT 123 COMPUTATIONAL MATHEMATICS

Course Description

The course gives the students a strong mathematical base to be able to tackle other computer problems. The course brings together mathematical topics which are commonly used in the general area of computer science. It builds a foundation for other courses that need special mathematical backgrounds.

Course Objectives

The aims of the course are:

- To provide students with a mathematical base that is to be used to solve computer science problems
- To improve the problem solving skills of students

Learning Outcome

Upon successful completion of this course, the student will:

- Demonstrate the basic concepts of computer logic, logic gates , their properties and applications
- Demonstrate and apply the referential methods of integration and differentiation
- Apply the different statistical and probabilistic methods of solving problems
- Apply the different numerical techniques to solve mathematical problems
- Be able to perform operations on matrices

Sub - Module 1: Boolean Algebra

Duration:8 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning
		Strategies
The learner:	Boolean variable,	• Lead a guided
	– addition,	•
	– subtraction,	
	 multiplication, 	
	Boolean algebra,	
	 laws of Boolean algebra, 	
	 logic statements, 	
	 compound statements, 	
	– truth tables	

Assessment Strategies

Resources

•

Mathematical Text Books, Calculators. Chalk, Black/White boards

Sub - Module 2: Linear Algebra

Duration:8 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning
		Strategies
The learner:	 Linear equations: systems of linear equations, homogeneous equations non homogeneous equations Matrices: matrix algebra, identity matrix, transpose of a matrix, matrices and systems of linear equations, elementary row operations and echelon matrices 	Strategies Lead a guided
	Types of matrices, determinants: the determinant,properties of determinants,	
	 properties of determinants, minors and cofactors, 	
	classical ad joint, Cramer's rule	

Assessment Strategies.

Resources

Mathematical Text Books, Calculators. Chalk, Black/White boards

Sub - Module 3: Introduction to differential and integral calculus

Duration:8 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning
		Strategies
The learner:	• Differential and Integral calculus fundamentals (single integral only)	 Lead a guided

Assessment Strategies

Resources

Mathematical Text Books, Calculators. Chalk, Black/White boards

Sub - Module 4: Probability Theory

Duration: 8 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning Strategies
The learner:	 Concept of probability: axiomatic approach, relative frequency approach, probability as a function of the sample space, probability of an event, properties of probabilities of events, addition and multiplication laws Concept of sample space: sample space, sample point, tossing a coin, rolling a die, independent events exclusive events mutually exclusive events 	 Lead a guided
Accesses and Streets		

Assessment Strategies

Resources

.

Mathematical Text Books, Calculators. Chalk, Black/White boards

Sub – Module 5: Numerical Methods

Duration:8 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning
		Strategies

The learner:	Concept of probability:	Lead a guided
	 Introduction to flow charts and dry 	•
	runs	
	– Concept of loops from decision	
	boxes	

Resources

•

Mathematical Text Books, Calculators. Chalk, Black/White boards

GMBS120 ENTREPRENEURSHIP SKILLS

Duration: 30 Hours

Module Overview

The content for term one introduces the learner to fundamentals of entrepreneurship that enable one to scan the environment for viable business opportunities. The learner will acquire entrepreneurial skills to turn challenges into opportunities by taking risks through planning, creativity and innovation.

Learning Outcomes

By the end of this term, the learner should be able to:

Appreciate and confidently practice entrepreneurship.

Conduct a feasibility study.

Mobilize resources and start up an enterprise.

Preparatory Assignment

Obtain a story from the newspaper, Internet, or a profile of a prominent personality who started business from scratch. In groups allow learners to read through the story and identify key issues that led to the success of the entrepreneur. The groups should also come up with similar stories from their localities.

Result

Learners get an insight into entrepreneurial activities and develop the urge to engage in business.

Sub-module 1: Introduction to Entrepreneurship

Duration: 03 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/learning strategies
The learner:		
differentiates	Meaning of	Guide learners' discussion in
entrepreneurship from	entrepreneurship	reference to their group reports,
ordinary business	Qualities of an	presentations, and experiences
ventures.	entrepreneur	from the success story on the
exhibits qualities of a	Entrepreneurial ethics	preparatory assignment; to
good entrepreneur.		develop their understanding of
practices		entrepreneurship, qualities of a
entrepreneurial ethics.		successful entrepreneur and
		ethical business behaviour.
		Assign learners tasks to identify

entrepreneurial gaps in their
communities by observing the
major business practices and
making comparative analysis.
Allow learners to participate in
community business activities that
will help them build and nurture
their entrepreneurial skills.

Assign the learner to identify factors affecting the development of entrepreneurs in communities, at home or place of work.

Teaching/Learning Resources

The Internet Newspapers, business journals, magazines Biographies Television set, videos Billboards

Sub-module 2: Environmental Analysis

Duration: 10 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/learning strategies			
The learner:					
scans the environment for	Meaning of environment	Guide learners to brainstorm the			
business opportunities.		meaning of environment and the			
	Scanning the environment	business opportunities available			
generates ideas for the	for Business opportunities	in their localities.			
business.		Display photographs or screen a			
	Generating business ideas	video showing different			
selects a viable business		environments and task learners			
idea.	Evaluation and selection of	in groups to identify the possible			
	business ideas	business opportunities available.			
obtains business rights.		Let them list their findings and			
	Protection of business	make presentations from which			
	(Trademark and patent	real opportunities can be			
	rights)	developed.			
		Using field work, divide learners			
		in groups and take them to the			

nearby community. Task them to
discuss the identified business
opportunities and evaluate them
and come up with the most viable.
Invite a guest speaker to guide
learners on protecting business
ideas and products.

Assign the learner to: identify a business opportunity in the environment. generate business ideas and select the most viable.

Teaching/Learning Resources

The Internet Newspapers, business journals, magazines Biographies Television, videos Billboards Statutes/Laws Guest speaker Computers and projectors

Sub-module 3: Innovation and Creativity

Duration: 04 Hours

Competences		Content	Teaching/learning strategies		
The learner:					
identifies	the	Meaning of innovation and	Guide learners through a		
characteristics	of	creativity	discussion on innovation and		
innovativeness	and	creativity in business.			
creativity.			Lead learners to brainstorm on		
		Characteristics of	the characteristics of creative and		
identifies forces	of	innovative and creative innovative entrepreneurs.			
innovation.		persons	Task learners to discuss forces		
			that hinder innovativeness and		

devises means of	Forces of innovation	creativity.
overcoming barriers to		Invite a successful entrepreneur
creative thinking.	Barriers to creativity and	to motivate learners to develop a
	innovation	culture of innovativeness and
		creativity in their daily
		encounters.

Assign the learner to:

identify innovations in a trade and give the possible forces that could have led to the innovation.

suggest ways of overcoming barriers to creativity and innovation.

Teaching/Learning Resources

The Internet Newspapers, business journals, magazines Biographies Television set, videos Billboards Statutes/Laws Guest speaker Computers and projectors

Sub-module 4: Business Planning

Duration: 09 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/learning strategies			
The learner:	Forms of small business	Guide learners to discuss the forms of			
selects the most	ownership (Sole	small business ownership.			
appropriate form of	proprietorship and	Lead learners to brainstorm the			
small business	Partnership)	importance of planning and			
enterprise to operate.	Uses of a business plan	budgeting before one embarks on			
prepares a simple	Parts of a business plan	any activity.			
business plan.	Writing a simple	Using a sample business plan, guide			
prepares a simple	business plan	learners to discuss the various parts			
budget for the business.	Developing a simple	of a business plan and its importance.			
	budget	Group learners according to their			
		trades and guide them to write a			
		business plan for the identified			
		opportunities and make			
		presentations.			

	Illustrate	the	maki	ng of	a si	mple
	budget	usir	ıg	the	busi	iness
	opportuni	ties	ideı	ntified	in	the
	business p	olan.				

Assign the learner to:

identify the benefits and challenges of small business enterprises.

make a simple business plan.

make a simple budget for the projected business.

Teaching/Learning Resources

The Internet Newspapers, business journals, magazines Television set, videos Computers and projectors Simple business plan and budget templates

Sub-module 5: Implementing a Business Plan

Duration: 04 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/learning strategies		
The learner:				
registers a business.	Registering a Sole	Prepare a role play on the		
	proprietorship and	registration process of a sole-		
mobilizes resources for	Partnership	proprietorship and partnership by		
starting a business.	Mobilizing business	the "registrar of companies"		
	resources	bringing out the meaning and the		
locates a business in a	Financial resources	requirements for registration.		
suitable environment.	Human resources	Illustrate the process of registering		
	Plant, machinery and a business locally and nationally			
	equipment	Group learners into their trades to		
	Locating a business	identify the following tasks:		
		available sources of finance to raise		
		the capital for the business.		
		required personnel as per the		
		business plan.		
		required assets for the business.		
		Take learners for a field visit to		
		identify factors that led to location		

of different business enterprises.

Assign the learner to: describe the process of registering a small business enterprise. describe the factors that influence the location of small business enterprises.

Teaching/Learning Resources

The Internet Newspapers, business journals, magazines Computers and projectors Simple business plan and budget templates Sample Town plan Environmental statutes

NCIT 124: REAL LIFE PROJECT

Duration: 75 Hours

Module Overview:

This module presents an opportunity for the learner to demonstrate skills obtained especially in using a computer to generate graphics and edit photos

Duration: 50 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning
		Strategies
The learner:	Sample Projects	Guide learners
Typesets documents	Designing	through the sample
• Sets up and manages a	certificates	projects and
software or stationary kiosk	Badges	encourage them to
Installs software and operate	Logos	raise funds and start
a computer system	Stamps	up the projects.
Prints and photocopies	Photo retouching	
documents	Typesetting a	
	Research booklet	

Assessment strategy:

- Task learners to perform atleast three projects
- Let learners place retouched images in the created web page

Teaching/ learning resources

- Sample project
- Computer
- laser Printers
- web browser / Text editor

NCIT125INDUSTRIAL TRAINING

Duration: 180 hours (6 weeks)

Competences	Content	Teaching/learning strategies
The learner: Demonstrates ability to use a computer to solve general user needs	 Using MS office Applications to input and printout information Retouch photos using graphic application Applying safety measures when handling ICT equipment Demonstrating effective communication skills 	. Use the Industrial Training Guidelines

Assessment Strategy

- Field supervisors scores the candidate according to the attached Industrial Training Guidelines
- Academic supervisor visits the Trainee in the Field to observe the Trainee performance, also interviews the Field supervisor about the Trainees performance

Resources

- Telephone contact/address of the Trainees and Place of industrial training
- Assessment Forms
- Transport facilitation to the field

YEAR 2 SEMESTER 1

NCIT211 STATIC WEBSITE DEVELOPMENT

Duration : 75 Contact Hours

MODULE OVERVIEW

The module introduces Learners to local and wide area network components, structures, functions and uses; principles of web design and development; World Wide Web Consortium (W3C) standard mark up language and services of the Internet.

Learning Outcome:

By the end of this module, the Learner should be able to use WYSIWYG web page authoring tools and graphic software to create simple, usable web sites.

Preparatory Assignment:

Learners are given a task to extract information from the internet. **Result:** The learners submit the information using the lecturer's email address.

Sub – Module 1: Introduction to Cascading Style Sheets (CSS)

Duration: 20 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning Strategies
 The learner: . changes the styles of the elements using various ways of inserting CSS HTML files Reduces file size Easily maintains webpages Improves flexibility 	 What is CSS Internal CSS External CSS Inline Styles The Div Tag 	 Lead a guided discussion about the difference between HTML and CSS Guide learners on how placing the CSS code within the tags of each (X)HTML file you want to style with the CSS. Guide learners on how to use text editor and place a link in the head section of every (X(HTML file you want to style with the CSS file

Assessment Strategies

Task learners to use the Internal, External and inline styles in the created HTML file Give an assignment

Sub – Module 2: CSS Syntax

Duration: 20 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning Strategies
The learner:	• The 3parts of CSS	• Lead a guided discussion about;
 .applies the correct 	syntax	Selector (Property: Value).
systax to when dealing	Inheritance	• Guide learners on how to nest
with multiple properties	• Different States of	• Guide learner on how commas,
of each selector	anchor tag	bracket and quotations are used to
Applies a single	 Sibling and child 	separate multiple properties e,g
expression to change the	selector of CSS	

appearance of all text in an (X)HTML file	body { background: #eeeeee; font-family: "Trebuchet MS", Verdana, Arial, serif; }
	Guide learner on how to nest one element inside another e.g body {font-family: Verdana, serif;}

task learners to change the font style of the entire file to Tahoma

Teaching Resources/Materials

A browser, Text Editor e.g Chrome or Mozilla and internet Connectivity, computers and an overhead projector

Sub - Module 3: CSS Classes

Duration: 20 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning Strategies
 The learner: .changes the appearance of a selected word leaving other text untouched 	• Changing the color of a selected word while leaving the rest untouched	 .guide learners on how to use the <span class-<br="">"element "

Assessment Strategies

Task learners to add their names into the HTML file and let them change the color of their first name only

Teaching Resources/Materials

A browser, Text Editor e.g Chrome or Mozilla and internet Connectivity, computers and an overhead projector

Sub – Module 4: CSS IDS

Duration: 20 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning Strategies
 The learner: Uses CSS IDs to declare to style the layout elements of a page that will only be needed once and uses classes to style text that has to be 	 Difference between CSS Classes and CSS IDs 	 Using an example .guide learners when to use either the Classes of IDs e,g #container{ width: 80%; margin: auto; padding: 20px; border: 1px solid #666; background: #ffffff; }

declared multiple times		

Give a task related to CSS IDs

Teaching Resources/Materials

A browser, Text Editor e.g Chrome or Mozilla and internet Connectivity, computers and an overhead projector

Sub – Module 5: CSS Margins

Duration: 20 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning Strategies
The learner: • .declare the margin between an (X)HTML element and the	 Top, Bottom, Right, Left 	 .use an example to guide learners on how to set the margin property for Top, Left, Right and bottom of an element
elements around it		

Assessment Strategies

Give an assignment requiring learners to declare all the margins of an element in a single property

Teaching Resources/Materials

A browser, Text Editor e.g Chrome or Mozilla and internet Connectivity, computers and an overhead projector

Sub - Module 6: CSS Padding

Duration: 20 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning Strategies
 The learner: .Applied the appropriate padding style 	 Meaning of Padding Single Vs all the 4 values of an element 	 .Using an example guide learners on how to declare all 4values of an element Also guide learners to visualize the effect of the undeclared values

Assessment Strategies

Give an assignment about declaring a portion of the values

Teaching Resources/Materials

A browser, Text Editor e.g Chrome or Mozilla and internet Connectivity, computers and an overhead projector

Teaching Resources/Materials

A browser, Text Editor e.g Chrome or Mozilla and internet Connectivity, computers and an overhead projector

Sub – Module 7: CSS Text Properties

Duration: 20 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning Strategies
 Competences The learner: .sets the text color Applies appropriate line space between letters Aligns text Decorates text Formats text to either lowercase, Capitalize Control the white space in an (X)HTML file Adjusts the spaces between words 	 Content Color Line spacing (Normal and Length) Text Align (Left, Right, Center, Justify) Text Decoration (Underline, line through, blink) Text Transform White space Word spacing 	 Teaching/Learning Strategies .Guide learners on how to set the color of text using possible values Demonstrate to learners how the adjust space between letters using pxs Guide learners on how to align text Guide learners on how to decorate text Guide learner on how to changes text to lowercase or Capitalize or none in a file Guide learners on how to control the White space in an (X)HTML file Guide learners on how to

Assessment Strategies

Give an exercise about CSS Text properties and revise with the learners

Teaching Resources/Materials

A browser, Text Editor e.g Chrome or Mozilla and internet Connectivity, computers and an overhead projector

Sub – Module 8: CSS Font Properties

Duration: 20 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning Strategies
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The learner:	• Font	Guide learners how to set
• Sets font style	Font-Family	font to italic, bold, normal
Weight, and Size	Font Size	Guide learner on hot to set font
•	Font Weight	size using the choices for
		values
		Guide learners on how to
		control the weight of text in an
		element with font-weight
		property

Give tasks in the learnt lesson

Teaching Resources/Materials

A browser, Text Editor e.g Chrome or Mozilla and internet Connectivity, computers and an overhead projector

Sub – Module 9: CSS Anchors and Links

Duration: 20 Hours

Competences	Content		Teaching/Learning Strategies
The learner:	a:link {color: #009	9900;}	Guide learners on how to
Changes the color of the link	a:visited	{color:	change link color when;
when;	#999999;}		• no event taking place,
No event is occurring	a:hover	{color:	• The user has already
• When the user has already	#333333;}		visited the url
visted the url	a:focus	{color:	• As the user places their
• As the user places their	#333333;}		mouse pointer over the link
mouse pointer over the link	<u>some link text</u>		-

Assessment Strategies

Give tasks in the learnt lesson

Teaching Resources/Materials

A browser, Text Editor e.g Chrome or Mozilla and internet Connectivity, computers and an overhead projector

Sub – Module 10: CSS Background

Duration: 20 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning Strategies
The learner is able to	Background	Guide learners on how to;
 style the background of an element in one declaration with the background property e.gbackground: #ffffffurl(path_to_image) top left no-repeat fixed; make a choice of letting the background image scrolls with the page or is fixed when the user scrolls down the page with background-attachment property declare a color for the background of an element using the background-color property position an image used for the background of an element using the background-position property 	Background Attachment Background Color Background Image Background Position	 style the background of an element in one declaration with the background property e.gbackground: #ffffffurl(path_to_image) top left no-repeat fixed; make a choice of letting the background image scrolls with the page or is fixed when the user scrolls down the page with background-attachment property declare a color for the background of an element using the background-color property position an image used for the background of an element using the background position property

Give tasks in the learnt lesson

Teaching Resources/Materials

A browser, Text Editor e.g Chrome or Mozilla and internet Connectivity, computers and an overhead projector

Sub - Module 11: CSS Borders

Duration: 20 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning Strategies
 The learner is able to set the color of a border independently with 	 Border Color (Transparent RGB color mode) Border Style (dashed, dotted, groove etc) 	 Guide learners on how to; set the color of a border independently with the border-color

the border-color	• Border Width (Length, Thin,	property
property	Medium, Thick)	• set the style of the
• set the style of the		border
border		independently with
independently with		the border-style
the border-style		property
property		
•		

Give an assignment about setting the border Color, border Style and Border Width

Teaching Resources/Materials

A browser, Text Editore.g Chrome or Mozilla and internet Connectivity, computers and an overhead projector

Sub – Module 12: Creating a Complete Website project

Duration: 20 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning
		Strategies
The learner:	• Creating the coding of	• Guide learners on
• .Codes the webpage	webpage	how to create a
• Adds a header and the	• Creating a basic designing	complete website
navigation area	layout for webpage	project by adding
Applies iframes	• The header and the navigation	more features like
Creates a footer	Area	footer and relevant
• Includes the Contact Us	• The right side Area	web pages
page	Making the main Post	
	Applying Iframes	
	Creating Footer	
	Creating Contact Us page	

Assessment Strategies

Task learners to complete their webpage projects having all the basic features

Teaching Resources/Materials

A browser, Text Editor e.g Chrome or Mozilla and internet Connectivity, computers and an overhead projector

NCIT212 NETWORKING AND DATA COMMUNICATION

Duration: 60 hours

MODULE OVERVIEW

This module, introduces the Learners to the basics of data communications and networks. It also gives the theoretical and practical skills of linking up computers and sharing computer resources.

Learning Outcome: the Learner demonstrates data flow in a simple network, design a network, terminate cables and configure a network connection.

Preparatory Assignment

Learners are given a simple design of Local Area Network (LAN), to terminate the cables required to connect the network.

Result: Learners terminate cables on design of a network and hand in for marking.

Duration: 20 Hours		
Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning Strategies
The learner: Identifies and uses network component Classifies various network connections Assigns IP addresses to network components	 Meaning of networks Advantages of networking to an organisation Challenges faced when using computer network Strategies to overcome the challenges 	 Lead a guided discussion and identify the components of a computer network while classifying. Lead a guided
 punches various type of cable connectors 	 Components of a LAN Node, NIC and Modem Access point 	discussion on the importance components of a LANGuide learners on how
 Identifies different LAN topologies. 	 Hub (active & Passive) Repeaters & Bridge Switch & Routers 	to examine the use of the different connectivity devices
• Evaluates the relevancy of networks	 Network cable connectors RJ-45 	 Demonstrate the punching of various
Classifies Networks	– BNC	types of cable

Sub - Module 1 :Network Basics

Plans for a LAN and assigns IP addresses	db9 serial pinoutDB-25(Parallel)	connectors
	 Classification of networks. LAN Topologies (Ring, Star, Bus and hybrid) WLAN (Wi-Fi and Bluetooth) WAN IP Addressing and Sub-netting. 	 Demonstrate to the learners how to sub- net and configure IP addresses Lead a guided discussion on the different network cable connectors
		Guide learners on how to classify network
		 Lead a guided discussion on how to subnet a Local Area Network

Learners do assignment on classification of networks

- a) Task learner to punch a cat 6 or cat 5 cable and test it
- b) let learner Connect the punched cables to an Ethernet card
- c) Task learners to assign IP addresses to the network printer and workstations
- d) Task learners to evaluate computer networks

Teaching Resources/Materials

Networking software; packet tracer, working computers, Network cards, Cables, Switch device and crimping tool

Sub – Module 2: Transmission Media and components

Duration: 8 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning Strategies
The learner:	• Difference between Analog and	Lead a guided discussion on;
 Distinguishes digital from analog signals 	 Digitalsignals Forms of data transmission Simplex 	 Distinguishes Digital from Analog signals

 Half duplex 	•	Uses of the different forms
 Full duplex 		of data transmission
• Layout of various cables and their	•	Use samples to discuss to
usage:		the learners the role of the
– Coaxial cable		different network cables
– Twisted Pair Cable (Cat 5, Cat 6)		
	•	Lead a guided discussion
		on the unguided media and
- Paar-to-Paar I AN		their uses
-		Guide learners how to
– Hydria Nelwork		setup a Peer-to-Peer and
		server based network
-		server based network
– Radio Waves	•	Take learners through
– Satellite		transmission impairments
 Wireless Communication 		occurrence, how to
 Transmission Impairments and 		overcome such errors in
errors		Analog & Digital
• IP Address classes, ranges and their		Transmission.
default subnet masks		
	 Full duplex Layout of various cables and their usage: Coaxial cable Twisted Pair Cable (Cat 5, Cat 6) Fibre Optic Cable Peer-to-Peer LAN Server Based/StarLAN Hybrid Network Wireless Media Systems Terrestrial Microwaves Radio Waves Satellite Wireless Communication Transmission Impairments and errors IP Address classes, ranges and their 	 Full duplex Layout of various cables and their usage: Coaxial cable Twisted Pair Cable (Cat 5, Cat 6) Fibre Optic Cable Peer-to-Peer LAN Server Based/StarLAN Hybrid Network Wireless Media Systems Terrestrial Microwaves Radio Waves Satellite Wireless Communication Transmission Impairments and errors

Assessment Strategies

Task learners to identify the different network cables and their uses Task learners to suggest application areas of unguided media system

Teaching Resources

Presentations, Videos / Demos Simulations Manuals Computers, Demonstration software, Projector, Reading Texts, network cables, networking tool box with crimping tool Internet connectivity

Sub-Module 3: Internet Connectivity

C	ompetence(s)	Co	ontent	Teaching Strategy			
	The Learner;	•	Components needed to connect to	•	Brainstorm	on	the
•	Connects to the internet		the internet		components	nee	eded
•	Identifies services	•	Services offered by internet		to connect	to	the
	offered by the internet	•	Disadvantages of the internet to an		internet		

• Connects to the internet	organisation	• Guide learners on how
• Creates an email	Creating an email account	to connect to the
account	• Sending and receiving an Email	internet and create an
• Sends and receives	• Searching for information on the	email account
electronic messages	internet	• Discuss to the learners
• Searches for	Network terminologies	on how to send and receive messages
information using	– Data	Guide learners on
search engines	– Bandwidth	how to apply cyber
• Applies the internet	 Up loading 	ethics
terminologies	 Down loading 	

Assessment Strategies

Task learner to create an email account Let them search for information on the internet and send to the facilitators email Teaching Resources/Materials Computers with internet connectivity, overhead projector

Sub - Module 4: : Basics of Operating System software

Duration: 12 Hours

Competence(s)	Content	Teaching Strategy
The learner:		Guide learners on how to
 installs/upgrade 	Client End/Window	install/upgrade and
and	 32 bits and 64 bits OS 	troubleshoot windows
troubleshoots	– FAT-16/32, NTFS,	operating system software
windows	 Configuration of Disks 	
operating	– Preparing Partitions and	
system	Volumes	
	– Configurations of Device	
	Drivers	
	– Install / Upgrade /	
	Troubleshoot Operating System	

Assessment Strategies

Task learners to install and upgrage Windows 7 on the end user computer Resources

Windows 7 with SP3, Computers, Presentations, Demos / Videos Manuals

Sub – Module 5: Troubleshooting a Local Area Network

Duration:12 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning
		Strategies
 The learner: Identifies common Network problems Examines the causes of network failures Applies preventive measures to prevent network failures Assigns static IP address Connects to a WiFi Connection Fixes authentication problem on a WiFi Re-sets a WiFi 	 Steps to diagnose a network problem Causes of network failures How to prevents causes of network failures Troubleshooting basic tools for Windows connection Guided network How to connect to a guided network How to use a static IP instead of the DHCP address 	 Lead a guided discussion about the common network problems Guide learners on how to; assign Static IP address on the LAN get a WiFiconnect to a WiFi solve authentication problems Re-set a WiFi Router
Router	 Unguided/Wireless How to connect to a WiFinetwork How to solve authentication problems on a WiFi How to re-set a WiFi Router 	

Assessment Strategies

Task learners to;

- a) Let learner select network cables and create a peer-peer
- b) Create a server based network and create 5user accounts with limited access right
- c) Create static IP address for a wireless connection
- d) Change the default password of the Wi-Fi Router to; NCICT@12
- e) Explain the role of PING as a troubleshooting tool

Resources

Windows 7/Windows 8, Driver Pack 15, Computers, Presentations, Demos / Videos Manuals

NCIT 213 COMPUTER ETHICS

Contact 45 hours:

Module overview

This module is a new branch of ethics that will enable the learners to demonstrate ethical behaviours in the field of Information and Communication technology that is growing and developing rapidly

Preparatory Assignment

Let learners brainstorm on the examples of current misuse of computers and the effects to society

Result

They state both the moral and immoral behaviours computer users

Sub-module 1: Introduction to IT ethics

Duration: 12 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/ Learning Strategies
 The learner: Applies ethical behaviours when using the internet 	 Meaning of ethics Forms of ICT Ethics The ethics of using computers between the person and the same. The ethics of using computers between the persons. Ethics between the user and device. Importance of Ethical behavior to a user 	 Brainstorm on the unethical behaviours of computer users in society Lead a guided discussion on the forms of ICT Ethics Lead a guided discussion on the importance of Ethical behaviours

Assessment Strategy

Task learners to explain the importance of ICT ethical behaviours to the organization

Sub-module 2: Scenarios of computer misuse and effects to society

Competences	Сс	ontent	Τe	eaching/ Learning Strategies
The learner:Analyses the effects		Media/software Piracy Intellectual Property	•	Lead a guided discussion on situations involving computer
of a computer misuse		theft		misuse

•	Identifies the effects	•	Ransomware attacks	•	Brainstorm with the learners
	of computer misuse	•	Identity Theft		about the effects of computer
		•	Financial Theft		misuse
		•	Pornography		

Give an assignment for learners to present about scenarios of computer misuse and the effects

Sub-module 3: Forms of computer software Attacks

Duration: 8 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/ Learning Strategies
The learner:	Attack form	• Lead a guided discussion on
• Identifies threats to	Viruses	the various software attacks
computer software	Worms	• Brainstorm on the methods
• Documents the	Trojan horses	of mitigating the threats
software attacks for	Denial Of Service	caused by the software
mitigation	Brute force	attacks
• Mitigates cyber	• Steps to mitigate cyber	• Lead a guided discussion on
threats	risks	the 5steps to mitigate cyber
systematically		threats

Assessment Strategy

Task learners to discuss the impact of the software attacks learnt in the lesson

Give an assignment of a cyber risk and task learners to state the steps they would follow to mitigate the risk

Sub-module 4: Ethical Challenges in Information Technology

Duration: 8 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/ Learning Strategies
The learner:	Security	Lead a guided discussion on each
Identifies the ethical	Privacy issues	challenge giving examples
challenges encountered	Copyright	Lead a guided research in establishing
in IT	infringement	the examples
	Increased pressure on	
	IT Experts	
	Digital divide	

Assessment Strategy

Task learners to explain the different ethical challenges faced by IT managers

Sub-module 5: Ethical Code of conduct in ICT

Duration: 9 Hours

Competences			Content	Teaching/ Learning Strategies
The learner:			The 10 commandments	Lead a guided discussion on the 10
Applies	the	10	of computer ethics	commandments of computer use
commands of	comp	uter	Importance of a cyber law	Brainstorm on the importance cyber
ethics				laws in Uganda

Assessment Strategy

Task learners to recite the 10 commandments of Computer ethics

Let learners write the importance of a cyber law in Uganda

NCIT 214: REAL LIFE PROJECT

Duration: 75 Contact Hours

Module Overview

The module is intended to enable learners to improve the customer care and expand on their projects. It will involve application of social skills to make customers keep coming back for more products/services.

Learning Outcome

By the end of this module, the learner should be able to present a variety of real-life products as well as the procedures followed to make them.

Preparatory Assignment

Let learners make and present items of their projects

Results: Learners presents products of what they have been doing for the first two terms for the class to critique.

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning		
		Strategies		
The learner:	Product/service	Guide lines on how to improve		
Improves on the quality of	modification	on the project outputs.		
products/services.	Project expansion	Demonstrate to learners the		
Makes more products to	Project presentation	need to diversify the project		
expand on the project.		services.		
Presents the project		Let learners present the		
products/services.		outcomes of their projects.		
Sample Projects				
Start developing a Static Website				
Setting and maintaining and	Local Area Network (LAN)			

Assessment strategy

Let the learners chose a project and deliver it

YEAR 2 SEMESTER 2

NCIT221 VISUAL BASIC PROGRAMMING

Duration: 60 hours MODULE OVERVIEW Computers have become an integral part of modern civilization. In our today life, millions of computers are running endless applications to meet our personal, social and professional needs. These computer applications are created by using different programming languages.. Visual Basic is based on the BASIC language and provides a variety of tools to create user-friendly applications with Graphic User Interface.Its easy and powerful.

Learning Outcome:

- Identify the Elements of a Visual Basic Application
- Create simple event driven applications which encourage higher user interaction through icons, menus, pointer, buttons, dialog boxes etc

Preparatory Assignment

Learners are given a task to mention the different programming languages they have heard and seen before

Result:

Learners provide answers that include C#, C++, JavaScript, Python and VB NET.

Sub-Module 1: Elements of a Visual Basic Application

Competence(s)	Content	Teaching Strategy	
The Learner;	Creating the Graphical	• Discuss to learners on	
• downloads and installs Visual	User Interface	the history of VB and	
Studio onto their Personal	• Downloading and	how to download Visual	
Computers	installing Visual S	studio onto their	
• Lists the two elements of a	computers		
Visual Basic Application.	• Object types and their		
• States the purpose of a GUI use		• Guide learners about the	
and what elements does a user	– Label	role of the different	

 see in a GUI Explains what does a Visual Basic toolbox provide Names and describe the four most commonly used Toolbox objects. States when an application is run, what does a design form become? Codes and Identifies what is executed when an event occurs 	 TextBox Button CheckBox RadioButton, List Box ComboBox Time and PictureBox Coding an Event (stop watch timer) 	 elements in Visual Basic Application. Discuss the different objects in the VB Toolbox Guide learners how to create a stop watch timer as their first application in VB.Net
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Task learners to;

- a) List the two elements of a Visual Basic Application.
- b) State the purpose of a GUI and what elements does a user see in a GUI
- c) Explain what does a Visual Basic toolbox provide
- **d)** Name and describe the four most commonly used Toolbox objects.
- e) State when an application is run, what does a design form become?
- f) Identify what is executed when an event occurs

Resources

Software resources like VB v6, VB .Net or VB .Net 2003

Sub-Module 2: Getting Started in Visual Basic

Competence(s)	Content	Teaching Strategy	
The learner;	Starting Visual Basic	• Guide learners on how	
• Starts Visual Basic	– Visual Basic .NET Start	to; start Visual Basic	
.NET	page	.NET	
• Uses the Toolbox	 Recent Utilize the objects 		
• Sets the object's	 Open project 	toolbox to create an	
properties	 New Project dialog application 		
• Runs an application	Using the Toolbox Run an application		
• Saves and recalls a	Initial form Window Save and recall a project		

project	•	Setting an Object's Properties	
	•	Running an Application	
	•	Saving and Recalling a Project	

Assign learners to give answers to the following questions;

- a) Describe the difference between design time and run time.
- b) Name the three windows that should be visible during an application's design.
- c) What are the steps for opening each of the windows listed in your answer to Exercise 2a?
- d) What two Form properties should be changed for every application?
- e) List the steps for creating a Visual Basic application.

Resources

Software resources like VB v6, VB .Net or VB .Net 2003

Sub-Module 3: Visual Basic Data

Duration: 4 Hours

Competence(s)	Content	Teaching Strategy
 Identifies the types of Visual Basic data Uses the Dim statements to declare variables 	 Types of Visual Basic Data Numeric Data Non Numeric Data Suffixes and Literals Declaration various variables using the dim statements 	Lead a guided discussion about the types of Visual Basic Data Guide learners on how to use the Dim Statements

Assessment Strategy

Task learners to;

List out all numeric and non –numeric data types

Use the Dim statements to declare two Numeric Variables and two non-numeric Variables

Resources

Software resources like VB v6, VB .Net or VB .Net 2003

Sub-Module 4: Managing Visual Basic Data

Competence(s)	Content	Teaching Strategy
• Assigns values to the	Assigning Values to the Variables	Using examples Guide

 variables Identifies and uses appropriate arithmetic operators 	 Mathematical Expression A number A string A Boolean value (True or False) 	Learners on how to; Assign values to the variable Apply the appropriate arithmetic operators
	 Arithmetic Operators in Visual Basic ^ Exponential Multiplication / Division + or & String concatenation 	

Task learners to code as follows; Dim firstName As String Dim secondName As String Dim yourNAmes As String

Private sub Command1_click() firstName=Text1.Text secondName.Text2.Text yourName=secondName+**+firstName Label1.Caption=yourName End Sub

Sub-Module 5: Controlling Program Flow

Competence(s)	Content Teaching Strategy	
 Applies the conditional operators Identifies and uses appropriate 	 Getting to know the conditional Operators Equal to More Than Less Than >= More Than and Equal 	Using examples Guide Learners on how to; Apply the conditional operators
arithemetic operators	<= Less than and equal <> Not Equal to	

•	Logical Operators	
	And	
	Or	
	Xor	
	Not	
•	Using if ThenElseifElse	
	Statements with operators	

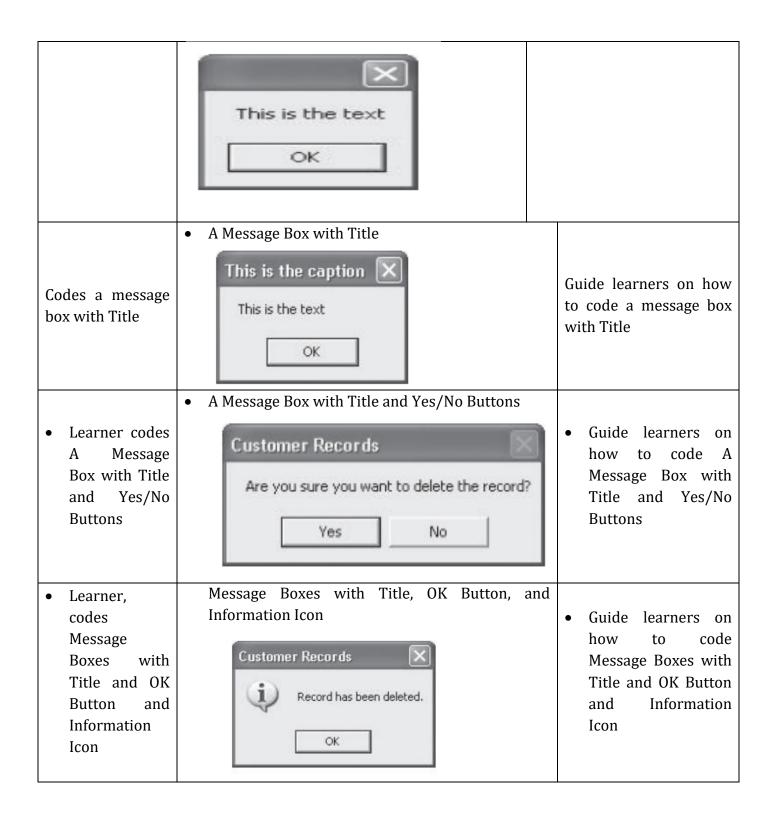
Give an example that will require learners to Code a program that will check whether the password entered by the user matches the password assigned by the Form_Load procedure

Resources

Software resources like VB v6, VB .Net or VB .Net 2003

Sub-Module 6: Adding an Event Procedure Code

Competence(s)	Competence(s) Content Teaching Strategy		
The learner,		Discuss to the learner the	
Codes structure of an event	• structure of an event procedure	structure of an event	
procedure in Visual Basic		procedure	
	Private Sub Forml_Click(ByVal sender As Object, ByVal e As _ System.EventArgs) Handles MyBase.Click		
Visua		redure (optional) ord Required object & event	
TheLearnersCodessimpleA Simplemessage box	ole Message Box	Guide learners on how to code a simple message box	



	Invalid Data	
	Data entered is invalid. Try Again	
The learner Debugs a code	Correcting Errors	Guide learner on how to identify and debug an error in the code

- . Task learners to
- Define the following terms
 - event-procedure
 - dialog box
 - method
 - header line
 - argument
- Design and run the application presented in this section using the MessageBox.Show method in the form's click event procedure.

Resources

Software resources like VB v6, VB .Net or VB .Net 2003

Sub-Module 7: Adding Controls

Competence(s)	Content	Teaching Strategy
The learner; •	Simple program interface	•

	Object Browser Start Page Form1.vb [Design]*	
learners adds buttons and Textbox controls	 Adding Buttons Adding TextBox Control 	Guide learners on how to add in a form buttons and Textbox controls
	Setting Initial Properties	
The learner, creates on the interface a button with and without Focus whereby a user;,	• Looking at the Focus and Tab Sequence	Guide learner on how to create a button with and without Focusi.e

 Clicks the object. Presses the tab key until the object receives the focus. The code activates the focus 	Showing Focus With Focus Without Focus	
Designs a form with labels	• Label Control (Form With Labels)	Guide learners on how to create a form with labels
	Walk In Sales Disk Sales Order Form Eist Name: Last	
Changes ForeCo Back Color	olor and o Changing ForeColor and	rner on how to ForeColor and

Give an exercise for the learner to;

a) Determine how many event procedures are available for a Button control. (Hint: Activate the Code window for a form that has a Button control and count the available procedures.)

- b) Determine how many properties can be set for a text box control
- c) Create a text box named txtOne that has a red foreground color and a blue background color. The initial text displayed in the box should be Welcome to Visual Basic. (Hint: Use the ForeColor and BackColor properties—click on the ellipsis (...) to bring up the available colors.)

Sub-Module 8: Adding Additional Event Procedures

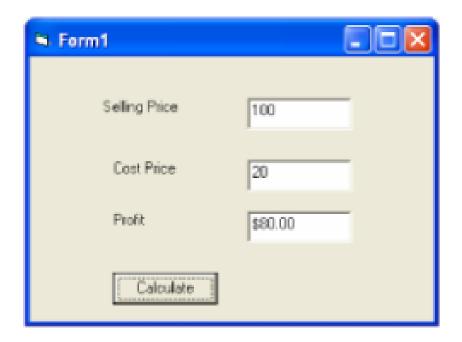
Duration: 6 Hours

Competence(s)	Content	Teaching Strategy
Adds a control that activates the message button upon clicking to display the word "Hello world" Clears the Text by clicking the Clear Button	Initial Run Time Window	Guide Learners on how to add the "Hello World" and activate the Clear Button to invoke the btnClear_Click() procedure

Assessment Strategy

Task learners to;

Write a Program that Calculates the Profit



Resources

Software resources like VB v6, VB .Net or VB .Net 2003

References

- LiewVoonKiong 2006: <u>Visual Basic 6 Made Easy: (A Complete Tutorial for Beginners)</u> Published by Booksurge, LLC, ISBN 1-4196-2895-X
- <u>http://www.jblearning.com/samples/0763724785/CH02_BRONSON.pdf</u>

NCIT222BASIC COMPUTER MAINTENANCE

Duration: 60 hours

MODULE OVERVIEW

This module introduces the Learner to the practical knowledge of Maintaining, troubleshooting, Repairing and Assembling computers.

Learning Outcome: the Learner should be able to Maintain the computer system, troubleshoot computer related errors and problems and to carryout computer repair.

Preparatory Assignment

Learners are given a task to disassemble a computer system and re-assemble it to its original state.

Result: Learners write the report on the process of disassembling and re-assembling a computer.

Sub-Module 1: Computer Maintenance

Duration: 6 Hours

Competence(s)	Content	Teaching Strategy
• Carryout computer maintenance effectively	 Maintenance overview Types; Safety, Preventive. Hardware and Software maintenance 	• Demonstrate to the learners how system maintenance is done.
• Use maintenance tools effectively.	 Safety and Preventive maintenance procedures CRTs and LCD Monitor maintenance 	• Lead a guided discussion on types of system maintenance.

Assessment Strategy

Learners do assignment on how to carryout maintenance of different devices of a computer system.

Resources

Maintenance toolkit, Cleaning liquids, Dust blower.

Sub-Module 2: System Troubleshooting -

Competence(s) Content Teaching Strategy

Identifies computer related errors	Errors and Problem detection techniques Computer Error codes and sounds	Illustrate to the learners the techniques of identifying computer errors using codes.
 Troubleshoot various computer errors and problems Fix computer problems 	 Troubleshooting; Boot/startup errors. Device errors. Hardware and Software (Operating System) errors. Connection and Display errors. Power related problems. 	 Demonstrate to the learners troubleshooting techniques. Illustrate to the learners on how to fix computer problems.
Fix boot/startup problems of a computer	Power On Self Test (POST)	Demonstrate to the learners on how to configure POST messages.

Learners do assignment on error code identification. Learners should tell the error types. Assemble some faulty computers and give home work and task learners to carryout computer troubleshooting. Let them identify the POST errors and problems computers given.

Resources

Repair Toolkit, Working computers, Faulty computers

Sub-Module 3: System Repair -

Time: 20 Hours

Competence(s)	Content	Teaching Strategy
Repair and upgrade computers.	Tools and Requirements.	Display to the learners tools required to perform repairs.
Identify tools required for system repair.	ComputerSystemParts/Devices.System;	Perform Operating system installations and illustrate
Handle tools well	Installations, Repair and Upgrade.	the steps involved.

	Hardware; Installation and	Perform Software and
Carryout both hardware	Replacement.	Hardware installation
and software	Software; Installation,	while the learners are
installations	Repair and Upgrade	taking notes on the
	Repair and opgrade	procedures.

Learners install operating system on a computer. Learners to install software and hardware in a lab activity.

Resources

Toolkit, Operating System CDs/DVDs, Computers, CD/DVD drivers, Hard disk drives

Sub-Module 4: System Assembly -

Duration: 12 Hours

Competence(s)	Content	Teaching Strategy
		Show the learners different layouts
Assemble a	System casing; Form factor, Dimensions,	of the system casing and
computer	Desktop layout, Tower layout.	demonstrate how to set screw
		holes.
	Motherboard;	
	Types and Components,	Display different types of
		motherboards and demonstrate
Idontify/Instal	Form factors and Dimensions,	how to install.
Identify/Instal I motherboard		
1 moulei Doaru	Installation and Upgrade.	Lead a guided discussion on form
	Motherboard interface connectors	factors and motherboard
		components.
	Expansion slots	
Install nowor		Take learners through a step by
Install power	Power Supply Installation	step guide of installing a power
supply		supply.

Assessment Strategy

- Learners assemble a computer
- Learners practice to install and configure a motherboard.

Resources

Repair Toolkit, Motherboards, system casings, Power supplies.

Sub-Module 5: Secondary Storage Media

Duration : 6 Hours

Competence(s)	Content	Teaching Strategy
	External Storage; installation, configuration, troubleshooting.	Show learners different external devices and demonstrate how to install any external storage device.
Use various storage media devices.	Hard Disk Storage Flash Storage/Removable Storage; Formatting; Memory cards.	Show learners Hard disk drives, flash discs and demonstrate how to format them.
	Obsolete storage media.	Lead a guided discussion on obsolete storage devices.
Writes data to CDs and DVDs	Optical Storage; Writing data to CDs/DVDs.	Demonstrate how to write CDs/DVDs. Lead a guided discussion on various Optical Storage devices.
Performs data backup	External storage data backup; methods, types.	Illustrate to the learners how to carryout data backup.

Assessment Strategy

- Task learners to configure an external storage media/device in a lab activity.
- Learners format a hard disk drive and explain how each step is performed.
- Task learners to write data in CDs/DVDs. They should explain the procedure followed.
- Task learners to carryout data backup to an external media.

Resources

- Hard Disks, Flash Disc, and Memory cards.
- CDs/DVDs, CD/DVD writer, Burning Software such as Nero etc.

- Back up drives.
- Overhead Projector

NCBS 220 BASIC KISWAHILI

Duration: 45 hours Module Overview

This module introduces a learner to the basic Kiswahili used in the industry and by the general public to carry out daily business. It also enables a learner to carry out his/her profession in any part of East Africa where Kiswahili is the major language of communication.

Learning Outcome

By the end of the module the learner should be able to seek help in Kiswahili.

Sub-module 1: Introduction to Kiswahili

Duration: 2 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching / Learning
		Strategies
The learner:	Origin and spread of	Take learners through the origin
Acknowledges the	Kiswahili	of Kiswahili in East Africa.
importance of learning and	Importance of Kiswahili to	Lead a discussion on the
using Kiswahili language.	Ugandans and other East	importance of Kiswahili to a
	African countries	learner of records management.

Assessment Strategy

Assess learners on the importance of learning Kiswahili in the context of a records and information officer.

Sub-module 2: Polite Language

Duration: 08 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning
		Strategies
 A learner: Greets peers,and elders in Kiswahili language. Names places and people in their capacities. Appreciates others by saying `thank you' and `well- done' in Kiswahili. Gives direction properly using compass direction. Names people and their professions, titles in Kiswahili language. 	 Greetings to peers, age mates, parents, elderly and supervisors Salutations at different times of the day Appreciation and saying `thank you' for work done, gifts, food and so on Asking for directions,(compass direction) assistance and food and so on. Names of places, like hotels, schools, hospitals, markets, garages, roads, airports, water wells, forests, villages, towns, sites, hills. Names of people, professions and titles like technicians, nurses, messengers, watchmen, drivers, doctors, teachers, learners, chef, manager, foreman, pilot, journalist, counsellor, social worker, Accountant, ICT Technician 	 Lead a guided discussion on the correct use of Kiswahili in greeting peers, elders and supervisors. Together with learners discuss on the use of `thank you', `welcome' and `sorry' in Kiswahili and task learners to practice using Kiswahili in and outside the class. Using illustrations, lead a guided discussion on giving directions such as move forward, north, left, east, south, west and right hand side in Kiswahili. Guide learners on names of people, professions and titles Kiswahili language.

Assessment Strategy

Ask learners to:

- Greet peers, elders and supervisors.
- Direct people using compass direction.
- Name places and people in their capacities.

Teaching /Learning Resources

- The Internet
- Documentaries
- Charts
- Photographs/pictures

Sub-module 3: Comprehension

Duration: 06 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/ Learning Strategies	
A learner :	Kiswahili sounds and	Illustrate on the vowels used in	
Counts numbers 0 -	syllables.	Kiswahili and lead a guided	
1000000 in Kiswahili.	_vowels: a, e, i, o, u.	discussion on their application.	
Sounds/pronounces	_Consonants b, ch, d, dh, f, g,	Use illustrate to lead a guided	
Kiswahili vowels and	gh, h, j, k, l, m, n, ng, ny, p, r, s,	discussion on the application of the	
consonants correctly.	sh, t, th, v, w, y, z.	consonants used in Kiswahili	
Identifies and names	Formation of Kiswahili	Guide learners to form Kiswahili	
the external parts of a	words by use of syllables eg	words.	
human body in	ma-me-mi-mo-mu.	Guide learners to count numbers in	
Kiswahili language.	Counting and numbers 0-9,	Kiswahili 0-1000000.	
Uses Kiswahili social	10-1000000	Using role-play, let learners practice	
habits well.	Kiswahili social habits like	social habits.	
Tells the external parts	welcome, have a seat, thank	Illustrate the human body and lead	
of a human body in	you, wish you well, sorry	a guided discussion on naming it.	
Kiswahili correctly.	External Parts of the human		
	body like head, legs etc.		

Assessment Strategy

- Task learners to write numbers in Kiswahili.
- Task leaners to draw and name the external parts of a human body.

Teaching/Learning Resources

The internet Kiswahili dictionary

Sub-module 4: General Vocabulary

Competences	Content	Teaching/ Learning Strategies	
The learner:	Names of domesticanimals	Guide learners to discuss on	
Names domestic animals,	like goats, sheep, cows, pigs,	the names of domestic	
birds and insects in	rabbits, dogs, cats etc.	animals, birds and insects in	
Kiswahili.	Names of domesticbirds like	the environment.	
Mentions days of the week,	ducks, turkeys, hens, etc.	With the help of the calendar	
names the months of the	Names of insects like	guide to name on the days of	
year and tells correct dates.	mosquitoes, flies cockroaches	the week, months of the year	
Identifies home and garden	Month in a year, days of the	and the dates of the months.	
tools.	week, dates and telling time	Lead a guided discussion on	

Names of objects like doors,	the common mistakes to be
window.	avoided in Kiswahili.
Common usage of Kiswahili,	Guide learners to identify and
home and garden tools	name the objects and tools in
	the environment.

- Ask learners to name domestic animals and birds in Kiswahili.
- Task learners to write days and months of the year systematically.
- Task learners to name home and garden tools in Kiswahili.

Teaching/Learning Resource

Kiswahili dictionary. Internet.

Sub-module 5: Professional related Vocabulary

Duration: 06 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/ Learning Strategies	
A learner :	Names of tools, materials,	Guide learners to identify and	
Identifies and names the	and equipment used in	name the tools, materials, and	
tools, materials, and	different professions .	equipment used in different	
equipment used in	Titles of officers in different	professions.	
different professions.	professions.	Ask learners to find out the	
Refers to officers in	Tasks performed by	Kiswahili titles of people who	
different professions by	different officers.	work in different professions.	
their titles.		Discuss with learners the tasks	
Describes the tasks		performed by different officers.	
performed by different			
officials.			

Assessment Strategy

Assign a learner to write the titles and tasks performed by various officers.

Teaching/Learning Resource

The internet Kiswahili dictionary

Sub-module 6: Spoken Fluency.

Duration : 10 Hours

Competences	Contents	Teaching/learning strategies
The learner: Applies the right tenses in communication. Identifies the Kiswahili possessives and applies them correctly. Applies Kiswahili verbs and adverbs correctly. Uses interrogatives appropriately. Applies Kiswahili conjunctions correctly. Combines words to form good sentence patterns. Asks questions and respond to inquiries.	 Kiswahili tenseseg na-ta-li-mehu-ku. Possessives (-angu, -ake, etu, -ao, -enu and -ako) Pronouns egmimi, wewe, yeye, etc. in both singular and plural. Verbs (African, foreign, monosyllabic, passiveetc) Adverbs. (how, when and where). Interrogatives (nani, gani, lini, kwanini, ngapi, wapi,niniyupiTangulini, Kwasababugani etc.) Conjunctionseg, Kwahiyo/hivyo,Na, Kama, Lakini, Ingawa, Au/Ama, Kwasababu, Kwamba. Sentence pattern Negative and Positive sentences. Plural and singular sentences. Making requests Expressing likes and dislikes 	questions and answer, requests and response tasks.Guide learners to construct simple

Assessment strategies

- Assess learners on the construction of sentences.
- Let learners ask each other questions and provide responses.
- Task learners to make speeches involving expression of likes/appreciation and dislikes / rejection.

Teaching/Learning Resources.

Kiswahili dictionary,/Internet.

Sub-module 7: Customer Care and Language

Duration: 07 Hours

Competences	Content	Teaching/ Learning
		Strategies
A learner :		
Expresses yourself	Public expression (welcoming,	Set up a conversation
confidently in public.	asking, requesting thanking	requiring learners to
Welcomes, offers to	,apologising.)	welcome, ask, and appreciate
assist, and appreciates	Persuasive language	people in Kiswahili language.
the assistance provided	Advertising of products	Let learners design adverts in
by others.	Negotiating for better terms.	a persuasive language.
Advertises the products	Filling forms (birth certificate	Guide learners how to
in Kiswahili.	forms, school admission forms,	negotiate politely in
Negotiates for better	Hospital forms, employment	Kiswahili language.
business terms.	application forms, career	Guide learners how to fill
Fills forms in Kiswahili.	forms,questionnaire/assessment.)	different forms in Kiswahili
		language.

Assessment Strategy

Task learners to write and format a Kiswahili advert for any business.

Teaching/Learning Resources

The internet. Kiswahili dictionary.

NCIT223REAL LIFE PROJECT

Duration: 75 contact Hours Module Overview

This module enables the learner to demonstrate a summation of all the skills learn in the entire time of study. The learner manages a computer workshop and improves on the website that was started in the previous semester.

Learning Outcome

By the end of this module the learner should be have demonstrated ability to troubleshoot computer hardware issues

Presents a polished static website for assessment

Preparatory Assignment

Ask learners to choose a task to act as their project

Result

Learnerscomeup with their respective choices of projects

Competences	Content	Teaching/Learning Strategies
 The learner: Repairs and maintains computers Typesets documents Sets up and manages a software or stationary kiosk Installs software Prints and photocopies documents Mobilises more funds for the business. 	 Identification of new customers to the business Utilisation of the available to add value to products. Mobilisation of funds for the business 	 Lead a guided discussion on how to identify potential customers Guide learners on how to utilize the available resources to add value to their products. Guide a discussion on how to mobilise more funds for the business Guide the learner on various ways of evaluating a business

Sample Projects

- Creating three small programs using Visual Basic Application
- Starts and Manages a small scale computer repair workshop
- The learner improves and Completes website development by adding web pages such as (Home page, Programs/services offered, Contact Us, About Us and Gallery)
- Develop a New Website for an institution of Training or a hotel showing (Home page, Programs/services offered, Contact Us, About Us and Gallery)

NCIT224INDUSTRIAL TRAINING

Duration: 180 hours (6 weeks)

Module Overview

This module provides an opportunity to the learner in matching the knowledge and skills acquired in at the institution of training and place of employment

Learning Outcome

Ability to apply ICT solutions when solving end-user need

Competences	Content	Teaching/learning strategies
The learner: Demonstrates ability to use a computer to solve general user needs	 Using MS office Applications to input and printout information Retouch photos using graphic application Applying safety measures when handling ICT equipment Demonstrating effective communication skills Designing Website Coding simple programs 	. Use the Industrial Training Guidelines

Assessment Strategy

- Field supervisors scores the candidate according to the attached Industrial Training Guidelines
- Academic supervisor visits the Trainee in the Field to observe the Trainee performance, also interviews the Field supervisor about the Trainees performance

Resources

- Telephone contact/address of the Trainees and Place of industrial training
- Assessment Forms/log books
- Transport facilitation to the field

APPENDIX I: Industrial Training Guidelines

The guidelines below should be followed during Industrial Training:

- 1) It starts at the end of the academic year.
- 2) It takes a minimum period of 6 weeks.
- 3) It is carried out at the world of work located in any part of Uganda including the training Institutions.
- 4) The training Institution has the duty of:
- 5) Budgeting for Industrial Training.
- 6) Obtaining money from government for government sponsored learners.
- 7) Explaining to the learners what they are expected to do.
- 8) Finding placements for Industrial Training.
- 9) Posting learners to Industrial Training.

10)Supervising and assessing learners during Industrial Training.

Supervision

There should be a world of work or field or industry supervisor and an academic supervisor from the training institution.

The academic supervisor visits the attachment site or industry at least once, and interacts with both the learner and field supervisor.

Assessment

Assessment marks should be categorised as follows:

Assessment by field supervisor 50%

Assessment by academic supervisor	30%
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Field attachment report20%

All the above assessment categories must be carried out for one to complete Industrial Training. The marks awarded by each category must be verified by UBTEB.

APPENDIX II: Industrial Training Assessment Form for Field or Onsite Supervisor

Name of Institution
Name of Industry
Name of student
SignatureDate

Re	Registration Number					
Na	Name of supervisor					
Sig	gnature		Date			
	Area of Assessment	Marks	Score	Area of Improvement		
1	Attendance (% age of days and times within the days present)	5				
2	Work Performance Involvement	30				
	Co-operation with other staff	5				
	General ability to use various equipment, machines or plant in the industry	10				
	Flexibility-willingness to learn from various sections in industry	7				
	Job planning	8				
3	Initiative and Innovations	15				
	Problem-solving	8				
	New ideas on improvement for efficiency of performance or operations	7				
4	Time Management	5				
	Reporting on time	1				
	Leaving at specified break-off or stoppage time	1				
	Meetingdeadlinesonassignmentsgivenbysupervisors or instructors	3				
5	Discipline and Safety	15				
	Observation					
	Use of right equipment for right job	4				
	Obeying instructions	4				
	Proper handling of equipment and or materials	2				

	Ability to practice safety	3	
	measures in the workplace		
	Knowledge of first aid	2	
	procedures in case of accident		
6	Practical Skills	20	
	Ability to put into practice	4	
	training instructions from		
	instructors or supervisors		
	Ability to relate theoretical	4	
	knowledge with practical		
	applications		
	Proper use of manuals and	4	
	interpretation of drawings		
	Ability to carry out	4	
	troubleshooting on equipment,		
	(put right mistake in work or		
	finishing)		
	Ability to service and repair	4	
	equipment (clean and maintain		
	tools and workplace)		
G	General Remarks (other	5	
	assessment at discretion of		
	assessor)		

The assessment shall be carried out as indicated in each area and then the total mark obtained is computed to 50%.

Signature

Field Supervisor

APPENDIX III: Industrial Training Assessment Form for Academic Supervisor

Na	me of Institution					
Na	Name of Industry					
Na	Name of student					
Sig	Signature					
Re	gistration Number					
Na	Name of supervisor					
Sig	nature					
	Area of Assessment	Marks	Score	Area of Improvement		
1	Attendance (Was the learner at his work place?)	5				
2	Understanding of tasks	21				
2	Did the learner provide	21				
	weekly summary of work performed?	2				
	How did the learner describe the tasks performed?	4				
	How was the learner able to explain why tasks were being done in a particular way?	3				
	How did the learner explain problems experienced when carrying out the work and how they were solved?	3				
	How did the learner explain the knowledge and skills acquired at the institute that	2				

	enabled him to perform?		
	How did the learner describe	3	
	the new knowledge and skills		
	gained?		
	How did the learner explain	2	
	his relationship with his co-		
	workers and supervisors and		
	how he plans to improve or		
	maintain it?		
	How did the learner relate	2	
	the Industrial Training tasks		
	to his training as a		
	technician?		
3	General Remarks (Other	4	
	assessment at discretion of		
	examiner)		
То	tal mark	30	

The assessment shall be carried out as indicated in each area and then the total mark obtained is computed to 30%.

APPENDIX IV: Field Attachment Report and Guide for Industrial Training

The report should be written in English and contain the following to be assessed as shown:

No	Contents	Maximum Score		
1	Cover page:	1 mark		
	Name of Institution			
	Name of Department			
	Name of learner and year of study			
	Place of Industrial Training			
	Period of Industrial Training e.g. July- September 1510			
	Academic and Field Supervisor's signatures			
2	Acknowledgements	0.5 marks		
	Acknowledge all assistance during field training			
	Acknowledge assistance during report writing			
3	Executive summary or abstract	2 marks		
	To include statement of the most practical work carried out			

	Challenges	
	Conclusions	
4	Table of contents	0.5 marks
	To show the content of the report and page numbers where they	
	first occur	
5	List of figures	0.5 marks
	All figures in the report must have a number and a caption	
	Figures must be numbered according to the chapters where they	
	occur for example; Figure 4.1, to refer to first Figure in chapter 4	
	The pages where the figures occur must be shown in the list of	
	figures	
6	List of tables	0.5 marks
	All tables in the report must have a number and a header	
	Tables must be numbered according to the chapters where they	
	occur for example; Table 2.1, to refer to first table in Chapter 2	
	The pages where the tables occur must be shown in the list of	
	tables	
7	List of acronyms or abbreviations	0.5 marks
	Acronyms used should be given in alphabetical order with their	
	full meaning shown	
8	Introduction	2 Marks
	Location and description of place of field attachment	
	Objectives of field attachment	
	Structure, organisation	
	Tasks carried out by the place attached to e.g. if District Local	
	Government describe its role in society	
9	Main body of the report	8 marks
	Description of work carried out	
	Duties and responsibilities assigned and how they were carried	
	out	
	New knowledge and skills gained	
	Relationship with other staff and supervisor	
	Problems experienced and how they were handled	
10	Conclusions	1mark
	A brief summary of knowledge gained as outlined in the	
	objectives	
11	Recommendations	1.5 marks
	For improving Industrial Training, usually derived from	
	problems experienced	

	For improvement of work output at the place of work (this is	
	included if allowed by the field supervisor)	
12	References	1 mark
	Design standards and guidelines used during training	
	Books and internet material	
	Harvard style of referencing must be used for example Kyalikisa	
	R (1510), "Effect of window net on the reduction of Malaria,"	
	Journal Health Construction, Vol 17, Pg 123-127	
13	Appendices	1 mark
	Drawings	
	Photographs, etc	
Total mark		20 marks